



### Disclaimer



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"Adjusted Revenues" is defined as the Revenues less the amortization of intangible liability. "EBITDA" as used herein represents revenue less: operating & maintenance expenses, selling, general & administrative expenses, provision for / (reversal of provision for) credit losses, net, share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures, and other, net, and excludes amortization of deferred costs, loss on impairment and loss / (gain) on disposal of assets. "Adjusted EBITDA as adjusted EBITDA as adjusted EBITDA as adjusted EBITDA as adjusted EBITDA and acquires transaction costs and restructions of intangible liability. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA have significant limitations, such as not reflecting our cash requirements for capital expenditures and deferred costs, contractual commitments, working capital, taxes or debt service. Our management uses EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the reasons stated above. In addition, our management uses EBITDA and others, rating agencies and others concerning our financial performance of management; as a measure for planning and forecasting overall expectations; for evaluation of actual results against such expectations; and in communications with equity holders, lenders, rating agencies and others concerning our financial performance.

Due to the forward-looking nature of Adjusted EBITDA, management cannot reliably predict certain of the most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP measure. Accordingly, the company is unable to present a quantitative reconciliation of such forward-looking non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP financial measure without unreasonable effort.

"Capital expenditures and deferred costs" as used herein include rig acquisition and other fixed asset purchases, construction expenditures associated with regulatory inspections, major equipment overhauls, contract preparation (including rig upgrades), mobilization and stacked rig reactivations. Capital expenditures are included in property and equipment. Deferred costs are included in other current assets and other long-term assets. This term, as we define it, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies and is not calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Capital expenditures and deferred costs should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for capital expenditures and deferred costs is a useful measure as it better represents the overall level of the Company's capital investments. Capital expenditures and deferred costs as used herein is a non-U.S. GAAP measure defined and periodically reported in the Company's financial statements on a consistent basis.

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The quarterly financial information included in this Presentation has not been audited and may be subject to modifications.

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### Q3 2024 Highlights





**YTD 2024 TRIR of 0.16 and uptime of 99.4%** maintaining high level of operational performance

0.16

YTD TRIR<sup>1</sup>

99.4%

YTD Uptime



Q3 2024 EBITDA includes \$45MM acceleration of mobilization revenue

\$114 MM

Adjusted EBITDA

43%

Adjusted EBITDA Margin



**AoC** secured in Norway; standard jack-up sale completed for \$57MM net proceeds

SHLF acquired remaining 40% equity in SDNS in a stock + cash transaction

\$2.0 BN

Backlog<sup>2</sup>

91%

Marketed Utilization<sup>2</sup>

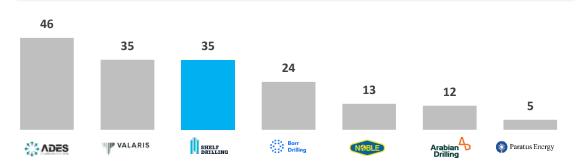
### Shelf Drilling North Sea Merger – Strategic Fleet Enhancement with Long-term Cash Flow



#### **Transaction Overview**

- Shelf Drilling, Ltd. ("SHLF") offered to acquire the remaining 40% outstanding shares of Shelf Drilling (North Sea), Ltd. ("SDNS") by way of merger, with a combination of \$30MM cash and 42MM newly issued SHLF shares as consideration
- The merger was successfully completed on 11<sup>th</sup> October 2024
- Fully consolidates Shelf Drilling North Sea into Shelf Drilling on 100% basis

### Solidifying Position as a Top Jack-up Operator Globally

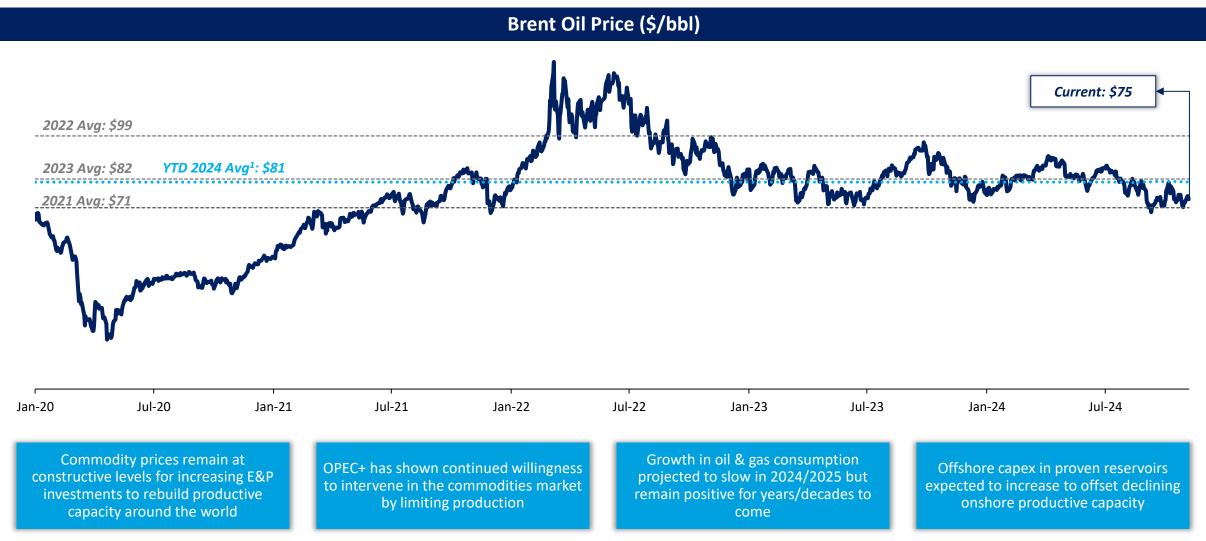




Note (1): SDNS Contract Overview: Source — Shelf Drilling public company filings. The Contract End Date typically does not include the duration to complete the customer's last well if permitted under the "Well in Progress" clause in the rig contract.

### Oil Prices Supportive of Robust Activity Levels





Source: Bloomberg, as of 8 November 2024.





	Contracte	Contracted Jack-ups	
Regions	Apr-14	Nov-24	Change Since Prior Peak
Middle East	127	168 <sup>1</sup>	41
India	32	37	5
West Africa	20	14	-6
SE Asia	67	41	-26
North Sea	46	28	-18
Mexico	50	32	-18
US GOM	15	3	-12
China	30	61	31
Sub-Total	387	384	-3
Total Under Contract	429	407	-22
Available	24	30	6
Total Active Supply	453	437	-16
% Marketed Utilization	95%	93%	-2 p.p.
Under Construction	141	12	-129

Source: IHS Petrodata as of 5 November 2024. Excludes Cold Stacked Rigs (47 today that are mostly considered non-competitive) Note (1): Includes rigs suspended by Saudi Aramco that have yet to terminate their contracts

### Saudi Aramco Suspensions Create Short-Term Headwinds - Long-Term Outlook Remains Robust



### **Reduced Jack-up Utilization**

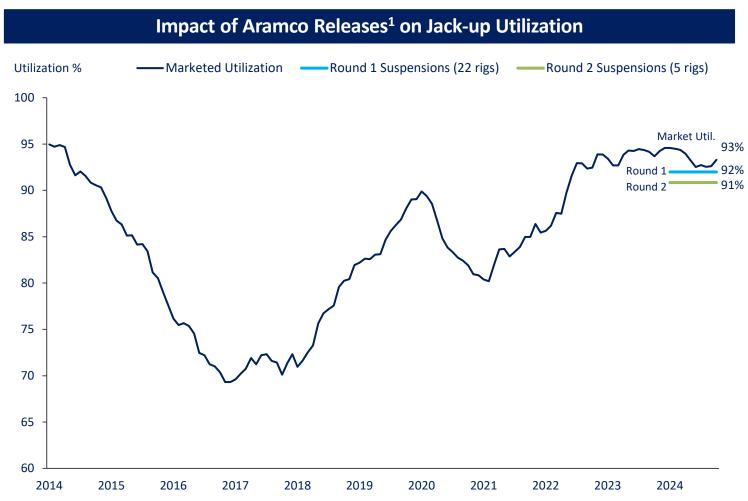
 Global jack-up utilization reached 95% in Q1 2024 – expected to temporarily drop below 90% due to multiple rounds of suspensions in Saudi Arabia in 2024

#### **Market Dynamics and Emerging Opportunities**

- Short-term bidding dynamics affected by rig suspensions and market discipline in certain regions
- Incremental rig demand in West Africa and Southeast Asia

#### **Market Fundamental**

- Commodity prices remain elevated, with Brent oil trading at \$70-85/bbl range
- Global oil demand grew by 2.3 million barrels/day in 2023, further positive but slower growth anticipated in 2024/2025



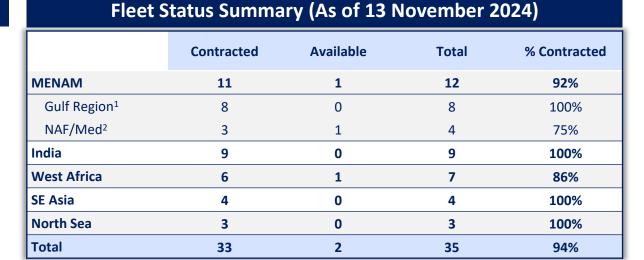
Commodity prices coupled with increased oil demand provide strong long-term backdrop for rig demand, despite near term uncertainties

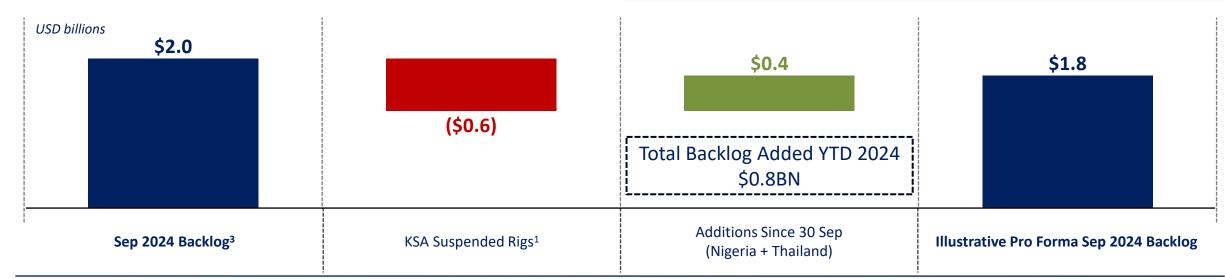
### Recent Contracting Momentum in West Africa and Southeast Asia



### **Recent Developments**

- SD Mentor secured in September 2024 a 10-well (~450 days) extension in direct continuation. New firm term value is ~\$60 million.
- SD Achiever secured 3-year contract with 2-year option in Nigeria and commenced in late October 2024. Adriatic I secured 2-year extension plus 1-year option in direct continuation. Total backlog added over the 5-year firm term is ~\$234 million.
- SD Chaophraya and SD Krathong secured 2-year extensions with Chevron in Thailand in direct continuation, totalling a 4-year award of ~\$197 million. The customer has a 1-year option for each rig.
- High Island IV has received a notice of suspension from Saudi Aramco.
- Main Pass IV is in West Africa preparing for an upcoming contract opportunity. Anticipated commencement is in December 2024.





Note (1): Gulf Region includes Saudi Arabia, Qatar, UAE, Bahrain and Oman. Contracted rig count includes suspended rigs (i.e. SD Victory, Main Pass I, Harvey H. Ward, and High Island IV)

Note (2): NAF/Med includes Egypt and Italy

Note (3): Figure includes backlog for the suspended rigs in Saudi Arabia.

### Key Investment Highlights





**Operating Platform Creates Differentiation** 

**Strategic Evolution and Transformation of Our Jack-up Rig Fleet** 

**Full Cycle Financial Resilience and Prudent Balance Sheet** 

**Well-positioned to Benefit from Strong Jack-up Market** 



# **Financial Highlights**

Shelf Drilling Q3 2024 Results Highlights

### Q3 2024 Results Highlights



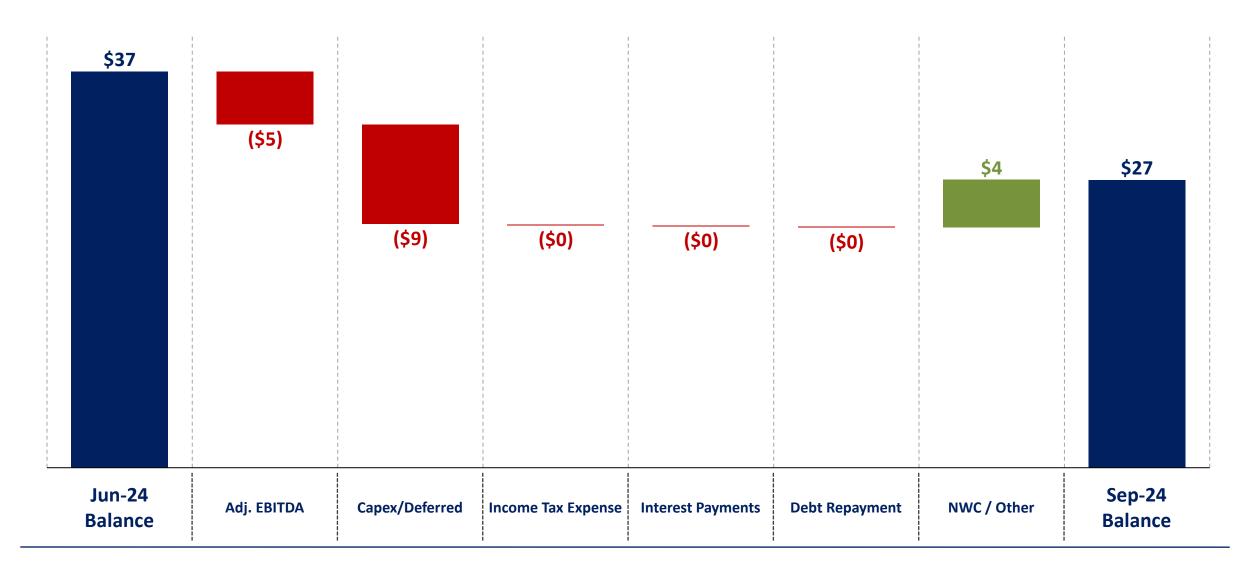
ı							
	SDL C	Consol.	SDNS		SDL Excl. SDNS		
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	
	Q2 24	Q3 24	Q2 24	Q3 24	Q2 24	Q3 24	
Adj. Revenue <sup>1</sup>	\$231	\$265	\$28	\$34	\$203	\$231	
Adj. EBITDA¹	\$72	\$114	(\$14)	(\$5)	\$86	\$119	
Net Income/(Loss) <sup>2</sup>	(\$28)	\$61	(\$34)	(\$17)	\$6	\$78	
Capex/Deferred	\$38	\$35	\$16	\$9	\$22	\$26	
Cash	\$138	\$220	\$37	\$27	\$101	\$193	
•							

All figures in USD millions

Note 1: Excludes amortization of drilling contract intangibles; includes \$45MM acceleration of mobilization revenue in Q3 2024 related to future years. Adj. EBITDA in Q3 2024 also includes acceleration of certain deferred costs.

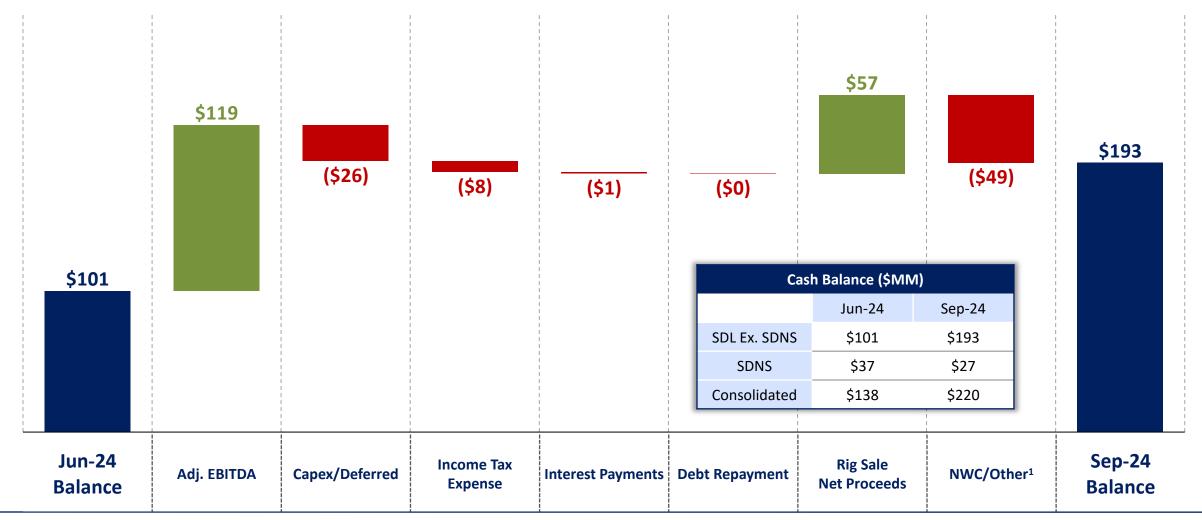
Note 2: SDL consolidated Net Income includes 1) Net Loss attributable to SDNS of \$(6.8)MM in Q3 2024 and \$(13.4)MM in Q2 2024, and 2) acceleration of mobilization revenue of \$45.2MM and deferred costs of \$(12.5MM) related to future years.





### Shelf Drilling (excl. SDNS): Q3 2024 Change in Cash





Note (1): Includes impact of \$45MM acceleration of mobilization revenue related to future years.



### **FY 2024 Adjusted EBITDA**

## \$320-\$345 million\*

\*Includes \$45 million of accelerated mobilization revenue in Q3 2024

- SDNS FY 2024 contribution now estimated between negative \$10 and negative \$15 million
  - ~\$5 million decrease from prior guidance range for FY 2024 due to slight delays in contract commencements
  - Revised range reflects SD Barsk expected start date in mid November 2024
- Shelf Drilling excluding SDNS FY 2024 contribution estimated between \$335 and \$355 million
  - ~\$25 million increase from prior guidance range communicated in August 2024 primarily due to the one-time \$45 million mobilization revenue acceleration in Q3 2024 for two suspended rigs in Saudi Arabia related to future years
  - Partly offset by delayed starts for two jack-ups mobilized from Middle East to West Africa
     one rig started in late October 2024, and one rig expected to start in December 2024
  - Revenues in Q4 2024 expected to be impacted by the suspension of 1 additional rig in Saudi Arabia
  - <u>Does not incorporate any gain on insurance recovery from Trident VIII incident or \$45</u> million gain on sale of Baltic rig

### **FY 2024 Capital Expenditures & Deferred Costs**

## \$140-\$160 million

- SDNS spending expected in the \$45 \$50 million range
  - ~5 million increase from prior guidance range for FY 2024 due to minor increase in contract preparation for SD Fortress, SD Perseverance and SD Barsk
  - Mobilization and contract preparation for SD Perseverance is largest contributor
  - Includes \$10+ million investment in fleet spares originally contemplated for 2023
- Shelf Drilling excluding SDNS expected in the \$95 to \$110 million range
  - Narrowed from prior guidance range communicated in August 2024
  - Includes ongoing investment in fleet spares of ~\$15 million
  - Includes mobilization costs for redeployment of 1 suspended rig to West Africa for new program starting in December 2024
  - Reflects targeted savings and reduction in spending across fleet (i.e., MP1 in Saudi Arabia)



## **Supplemental Financial Information**

Shelf Drilling Q3 2024 Results Highlights

# SHELF

## **Results of Operations**

(In millions USD)	Q2 2024	Q3 2024
Adjusted revenues	\$ 230.8 \$	264.7
Amortization of intangible liability	3.2	3.2
Revenues	 234.0	267.9
Operating costs & expenses		
Operating and maintenance	141.8	132.6
Depreciation	21.6	21.4
Amortization of deferred costs	26.0	31.2
General and administrative	16.2	16.6
Loss / (gain) on disposal of assets	1.2	(40.7)
Operating income	 27.2	106.8
Other expense / (income), net		
Interest expense and financing charges, net of interest income <sup>1</sup>	46.0	36.1
Other, net	1.3	1.8
Income / (loss) before income taxes	 (20.1)	68.9
Income tax expense	7.9	8.2
Net income / (loss)	 (28.0)	60.7
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest	 (13.4)	(6.8)
Net income / (loss) attributable to controlling interest	\$ (14.6) \$	67.5

Note (1): This includes \$9.6 million loss on debt extinguishment in Q2 2024.

## SHELF DRILLING

### Revenue Summary

- Marketable rigs decreased from 35 in Q2 2024 to 33 at the end of Q3 2024 due to one stacked rig in Saudi Arabia (Main Pass I), one rig in Nigeria (Trident VIII) following structural leg damage in Q2 2024 and the sale of one rig in Nigeria (Baltic) in September 2024
- Average dayrate marginally decreased to \$81.8 thousand in Q3 2024 from \$82.0 thousand in Q2 2024
- Effective utilization decreased to 77% in Q3 2024 from 80% in Q2 2024, mainly due to:
  - Suspension of operations for five rigs in Saudi Arabia (Main Pass I, Main Pass IV, Shelf Drilling Achiever, Shelf Drilling Victory and Harvey Ward) in Q2 2024 and Q3 2024
  - Planned shipyard for one rig in Saudi Arabia (High Island IX)
  - One rig in Nigeria (Baltic) that was in operation in Q2 2024 and sold in September 2024
  - Partially offset by the commencement of a new contract for one rig in Vietnam (Shelf Drilling Perseverance) in August 2024
- Significant sequential revenue increase mainly driven by \$45.2 million one-time non-cash acceleration of mobilization revenue on two suspended rigs in Saudi Arabia related to future years (Shelf Drilling Victory and Harvey Ward)

		Q2 2024		Q3 2024
Operating Data				
Average marketable rigs <sup>1</sup>		35.4		34.0
Average dayrate (in thousands USD) <sup>2</sup>	\$	82.0	\$	81.8
Effective utilization <sup>3</sup>		80 %	)	77 %
Revenues (in millions USD)				
Operating revenues - dayrate	\$	212.3	\$	196.7
Operating revenues - others		11.3		61.8
Other revenues		7.2		6.2
Adjusted Revenues		230.8		264.7
Amortization of intangible liability		3.2		3.2
Total Revenues	\$	234.0	\$	267.9
Other revenues  Adjusted Revenues  Amortization of intangible liability	\$	7.2 <b>230.8</b> 3.2	\$	6.2 <b>264.</b> 7 3.2

Note (1): "Marketable rigs" are defined as the total number of rigs operating or available to operate, excluding: rigs under third party bareboat charter agreements, stacked rigs and rigs under contract for activities other than drilling or plug and abandonment services, as applicable.

Note (2): "Average dayrate" is defined as the average contract dayrate earned by marketable rigs over the reporting period excluding mobilization, capital expenditure reimbursements, demobilization, recharges, bonuses and other revenues.

Note (3): "Effective utilization" is defined as the number of calendar days during which marketable rigs generate dayrate revenues.



### **Operating Expenses Summary**

- Operating & maintenance expenses decreased by \$9.2 million to \$132.6 million in Q3 2024:
  - Lower operating costs for six rigs in Q3 2024, four suspended rigs in Saudi Arabia (Main Pass I, Main Pass IV, Harvey Ward and Shelf Drilling Victory) and two rigs in Nigeria, one that suffered structural leg damage (Trident VIII) and one that was sold in September 2024 (Baltic)
  - Lower shipyard costs for one rig in Vietnam (Shelf Drilling Perseverance) that commenced operations in August 2024
  - Partially offset by higher mobilization costs for a rig that commenced a new contract in Nigeria in late October 2024 (Shelf Drilling Achiever)
- General and administrative expenses of \$16.6 million in Q3 2024 increased by \$0.4 million from Q2 2024 primarily due to a net increase in the provision for credit losses and certain one-time costs related to the SDNS merger transaction, partially offset by a decrease in compensation and benefit expenses

(in millions USD)	Q2 2024	Q3 2024
Rig operating expenses	\$ 129.4	\$ 119.9
Shore-based expenses	12.4	12.7
Operating and maintenance	\$ 141.8	\$ 132.6
Corporate G&A	\$ 15.3	\$ 14.0
Provision for / (reversal of provision for) credit losses, net	(0.4)	0.7
Share-based compensation	1.3	1.4
One-time corporate transaction costs	 _	0.5
General and administrative	\$ 16.2	\$ 16.6

## SHELF DRILLING

## Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

(In millions USD)	Q2 2024	Q3 2024
Net (loss) / income	\$ (28.0)	\$ 60.7
Add back		
Interest expense and financing charges, net of interest income <sup>1</sup>	46.0	36.1
Income tax expense	7.9	8.2
Depreciation	21.6	21.4
Amortization of deferred costs	26.0	31.2
Loss / (gain) on disposal of assets	1.2	(40.7)
Amortization of intangible liability	(3.2)	(3.2)
EBITDA	71.5	113.7
One-time corporate transaction costs	_	0.5
Adjusted EBITDA	71.5	114.2
Allocated as:		
Shelf Drilling excluding SDNS	85.5	119.1
Shelf Drilling North Sea	(14.0)	(4.9)
	\$ 71.5	\$ 114.2
Adjusted EBITDA margin	31%	43%

Note (1): "Interest expense and financing charges, net of interest income" is defined as interest expense, amortization of debt issuance costs and loss on debt extinguishment, partially offset by interest income. This includes \$9.6 million loss on debt extinguishment in Q2 2024.

# SHELF

### Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs Summary

- Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs of \$34.9 million in Q3 2024 decreased by \$3.1 million from Q2 2024 primarily as a result of:
  - Lower contract preparation expenditures for two rigs, one in Vietnam (Shelf Drilling Perseverance) that commenced a new contract in August 2024 and one in Norway (Shelf Drilling Barsk) expected to commence in November 2024
  - Lower spending on fleet spares
  - Partially offset by higher contract preparation expenditures for two rigs, one in Nigeria (Shelf Drilling Mentor) and one in the United Kingdom (Shelf Drilling Fortress) which started their contracts in September 2024
  - Higher spending for one rig (Main Pass IV) which is expected to start operations in December 2024
  - Higher planned maintenance and shipyard costs for one rig in Saudi Arabia (High Island IX)

(In millions USD)	Q2 2024	Q3 2024
Regulatory and capital maintenance <sup>1</sup>	\$ 11.7	\$ 13.0
Contract preparation <sup>2</sup>	14.0	15.5
Fleet spares, transition costs and others <sup>3</sup>	12.3	6.4
Total Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs	\$ 38.0	\$ 34.9
Allocated as:		
Shelf Drilling excluding SDNS	\$ 21.7	\$ 25.7
Shelf Drilling North Sea	16.3	9.2
Total Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs	\$ 38.0	\$ 34.9
Reconciliation to Statements of Cash Flow		
Cash payments for additions to PP&E	\$ 13.2	\$ 9.4
Net change in advances and accrued but unpaid additions to PP&E	0.9	(2.3)
Total capital expenditures	14.1	7.1
Changes in deferred costs, net	(2.1)	(3.4)
Add: Amortization of deferred costs	26.0	31.2
Total deferred costs	 23.9	 27.8
Total Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs	\$ 38.0	\$ 34.9

 $Note: (1): \textit{``Regulatory and capital maintenance'' includes \textit{major overhauls, regulatory costs, general upgrades and sustaining capital expenditures.} \\$ 

Note: (2): "Contract preparation" includes specific upgrade, mobilization and preparation costs associated with a customer contract.

Note: (3): "Fleet spares, transition costs and others" includes: (i) acquisition and certification costs for the rig fleet spares pool which is allocated to specific rig expenditures as and when required by that rig, which will result in an expenditure charge to that rig and a credit to fleet spares, (ii) costs related to rigs acquired in 2022 and (iii) office and infrastructure expenditures.

# SHELF

## **Balance Sheet Summary**

(In millions USD)	SDL				SDNS			SDHL Credit Group (1)		
		Q2 2024	Q3 2024		Q2 2024	Q3 2024		Q2 2024	Q3 2024	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	138.3 \$	220.1	5	37.2	\$ 26.6	\$	101.0 \$	193.4	
Restricted cash		8.6	9.7		4.6	4.6		4.0	5.1	
Accounts and other receivables, net		213.5	208.9		33.1	30.4		180.4	178.5	
Property and equipment, net		1,473.1	1,448.4		405.1	404.0		1,068.0	1,044.4	
Deferred costs		201.3	191.7		20.7	24.3		180.6	167.4	
Other assets		73.4	76.9		6.3	4.9		198.9	213.3	
Total assets	\$	2,108.2 \$	2,155.7	5	507.0	\$ 494.8	\$	1,732.9 \$	1,802.1	
Accounts payable	\$	114.5 \$	108.1	5	37.3	\$ 30.3	\$	76.9 \$	77.2	
Interest payable		26.1	59.8		3.4	11.1		22.7	48.7	
Deferred revenue		90.7	40.9		4.2	7.5		86.5	33.4	
Total debt		1,389.6	1,391.8		305.0	305.3		1,084.6	1,086.5	
Other liabilities		114.5	120.2		30.6	31.0		85.4	100.3	
Total liabilities		1,735.4	1,720.8		380.5	385.2		1,356.1	1,346.1	
Total controlling interest shareholders' equity		324.1	393.0		126.5	109.6		376.8	456.0	
Non-controlling interest		48.7	41.9		_	_		_	_	
Total equity		372.8	434.9		126.5	\$ 109.6		376.8 \$	456.0	
Total equity and liabilities	\$	2,108.2 \$	2,155.7	5	507.0	\$ 494.8	\$	1,732.9 \$	1,802.1	

Note: (1): This represents SDHL excluding unrestricted subsidiaries (including SDNS) in relation to the 9.625% Senior Secured Notes, Term Loan and the Credit Facility.

## SHELF DRILLING

### **Capital Structure Summary**

(In millions USD)	Υ	/E 2022	YE 2023	(	Q2 2024	•	Q3 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	140.8	\$ 98.2	\$	138.3	\$	220.1
Restricted cash		36.5	8.8		8.6		9.7
Total long-lived assets <sup>1</sup>		1,621.2	1,698.0		1,684.9		1,654.4
Total assets	\$	2,046.3	\$ 2,098.7	\$	2,108.2	\$	2,155.7
9.625% Senior Secured Notes, due April 2029 <sup>2</sup>	\$	_	\$ 1,056.4	\$	1,059.9	\$	1,061.7
Term Loan, due December 2024 <sup>3</sup>		_	32.7		24.7		24.8
8.25% Senior unsecured notes due 2025		895.1	_		_		_
8.875% Senior secured notes due 2024		302.8	_		_		_
		1,197.9	1,089.1		1,084.6		1,086.5
9.875% Senior Secured Bonds, due November 2028 <sup>4</sup>		_	_		305.0		305.3
10.25% Senior secured notes due 2025		238.8	236.3		_		_
Total debt		1,436.7	1,325.4		1,389.6		1,391.8
Net debt	\$	1,295.9	\$ 1,227.2	\$	1,251.3	\$	1,171.7
Total equity attributable to controlling interest	\$	235.6	\$ 332.0	\$	324.1	\$	393.0
Non-controlling interest		79.9	70.3		48.7		41.9
Total equity	\$	315.5	\$ 402.3	\$	372.8	\$	434.9

- LTM Adjusted EBITDA of \$353.7 million and Net Leverage ratio of 3.3x for SDL (\$386.9 million and 2.3x for Shelf Drilling excluding SDNS)
- Cash and cash equivalents balance at SDL excluding SDNS of \$193.5 million and \$26.6 million at SDNS, as of September 30, 2024
  - \$150.0 million revolving credit facility; \$20.5 million utilized for surety bonds and guarantees as of September 30, 2024
- On October 11, 2024, the Company acquired the remaining 40% shares in SDNS by issuing 42.0 million shares of SDL stock and cash of \$30.1 million to previous SDNS shareholders. SDNS has become a wholly owned subsidiary of SDL at completion of the transaction.
- Debt service payments scheduled in Q4 2024: \$62.5 million of principal payments and \$69.0 million of interest payments
- Total shares outstanding of 255.7 million at completion of the SDNS merger transaction on October 11, 2024
  - Primary insiders: 50.7 million (19.8%), consisting primarily of China Merchants: 26.8 million (10.5%) and Castle Harlan: 19.9 million (7.8%)

Note (1): "Total long lived assets" are defined as property plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and short term and long term deferred costs. This excludes assets held for sale.

Note (2): Reflects carrying value. Principal value is \$1,095.0 million.

Note (3): Reflects carrying value. Principal value is \$25.0 million.

Note (4): Reflects carrying value. Principal value is \$315.0 million.

## SHELF DRILLING

### Free Cash Flow Summary

- Q3 2024 Adjusted EBITDA increased to \$114.2 million (adjusted EBITDA margin of 43%) primarily due to the acceleration of mobilization revenue on two suspended rigs in Saudi Arabia (Shelf Drilling Victory and Harvey Ward)
- Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$81.8 million to \$220.1 million during Q3 2024, mainly due to:
  - Sale of Baltic rig in Q3 2024 for net proceeds of \$56.5 million
  - Lower debt service payments in Q3 2024
  - Increase in net working capital in Q3 2024 mainly due to the acceleration of \$45.2 million mobilization revenue on two suspended rigs in Saudi Arabia related to future years (Shelf Drilling Victory and Harvey Ward)

Quarterly Cash Flow Summary (\$MM)	Q2 2024	Q3 2024
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 71.5 \$	114.2
Adjustments	_	(0.5)
EBITDA	\$ 71.5 \$	113.7
Interest expense, net of interest income	(46.0)	(36.1)
Income tax expense	(7.9)	(8.2)
Capital expenditures and deferred costs	(38.0)	(34.9)
Sub-total Sub-total	\$ (20.4) \$	34.5
Rig sale net proceeds Working Capital Impact	_	56.5
Interest <sup>1</sup>	(23.5)	35.0
Other	23.4	(43.5)
Sub-total	\$ (0.1) \$	(8.5)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	309.8	_
Payment of debt issuance costs	(5.2)	(0.7)
Payment of long-term debt	(243.8)	_
Payment of debt extinguishment costs	(3.6)	_
Proceeds from credit facility	25.0	_
Payment of credit facility	(25.0)	_
Sub-total	\$ 57.2 \$	(0.7)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36.7 \$	81.8
Beginning Cash	101.6	138.3
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 138.3 \$	220.1

# SHELF

## Free Cash Flow Summary

Quarterly Cash Flow Summary (\$MM) - Q3 2024	Shelf Drilling excluding SDNS	Shelf Drilling North Sea	Total
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 119.1	\$ (4.9) \$	114.2
Adjustments	_	(0.5)	(0.5)
EBITDA	119.1	(5.4)	113.7
Interest expense, net of interest income	(28.3)	(7.8)	(36.1)
Income tax expense	(7.9)	(0.3)	(8.2)
Capital expenditures and deferred costs	(25.7)	(9.2)	(34.9)
Sub-total	57.2	(22.7)	34.5
Rig sale net proceeds	56.5	_	56.5
Working Capital Impact			
Interest <sup>1</sup>	27.2	7.8	35.0
Other	(48.3)	4.8	(43.5)
Sub-total Sub-total	(21.1)	12.6	(8.5)
Payment of debt issuance costs	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.7)
Sub-total Sub-total	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.7)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	92.4	(10.6)	81.8
Beginning cash	101.1	37.2	138.3
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 193.5	\$ 26.6 \$	220.1

Note~(1): Represents~the~difference~between~interest~expense,~net~of~interest~income~and~cash~interest~payments~during~the~period.

