SHELF DRILLING

Shelf Drilling Q3 2022 Results Highlights

November 10, 2022

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"EBITDA" as used herein represents revenue less: operating and maintenance expenses, Corporate G&A, provision for / (reversal of provision for) credit losses, net, share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures and other, net expense, and excludes interest expense and financing charges, interest income, income taxes, depreciation, amortization and (gain) / loss on disposal of assets. "Adjusted EBITDA" as used herein represents EBITDA as adjusted for the exclusion of restructuring costs. These terms, as we define them, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies and are not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for operating income, net income or other income or cash flow statement data prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are useful because they are widely used by investors in our industry to measure a company's operating performance without regard to items such as interest, income tax expense, depreciation and other non-recurring expenses (benefits), which can vary substantially from company to company. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA have significant limitations, such as not reflecting our cash requirements for capital expenditures and deferred costs, contractual commitments, working capital, taxes or debt service. Our management uses Adjusted EBITDA in presentations to our Board of Directors to provide a consistent basis to measure of parformance.

"Capital expenditures and deferred costs" as used herein include rig acquisition and other fixed asset purchases, construction expenditures on newbuild rigs and certain expenditures associated with regulatory inspections, major equipment overhauls, contract preparation (including rig upgrades), mobilization and stacked rig reactivations. Capital expenditures are included in property and equipment. Deferred costs are included in other current assets and other long-term assets. This term, as we define it, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies and is not calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Capital expenditures and deferred costs should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for capital expenditures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We believe that Capital expenditures and deferred costs is a useful measure as it better represents the overall level of the Company's capital investments. Capital expenditures and deferred costs as used herein is a non-U.S. GAAP measure defined and periodically reported in the Company's financial statements on a consistent basis.

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Shelf Drilli	ng Victory is a Prei	mium High-spec Jack-up Rig	\$80MM	\$236MM
ld Year	2008		Total Rig Cost	Contract Value
g Design	Baker Marine Pacific Class 375			
ł	PPL Shipyard		 \$30MM purchase closed in July 2022 	 5-year contract award in Middle
ent Location	UAE			East
er Depth	375 ft		 \$50MM estimated all-in incremental 	Expected
iable Deck Load	3,318 tons		investment for reactivation and contract specific	commencement late March 2023
ing Depth	30,000 ft		requirements	Additional two-year
.oad	1,600 kips			option at higher
ever Length	70 ft			pricing level
Rating	10k psi	The second starting of		
ters Capacity	120	Participant and Party and		

Completed Acquisition of Five Premium, Harsh Environment Jack-Ups



	Tier 1 in Norway	Tier 1	Workhorse and attractive North Sea / Middle East Rig		
	Lloyd Noble	Houston Colbert	Sam Turner	Sam Hartley	Hans Deul
Will be renamed ¹	Shelf Drilling Barsk	Shelf Drilling Odyssey	Shelf Drilling Winner	Shelf Drilling Fortress	Shelf Drilling Perseverance
Build year	2016	2014	2014	2014	2008
Rig design	GustoMSC CJ70	F&G JU3000N	F&G JU3000N	F&G JU3000N	F&G JU2000E
Build cost	US\$ 770m	US\$ 235m	US\$ 235m	US\$ 245m	US\$ 153m
Water depth	500 ft	400 ft	400 ft	400 ft	400 ft
Variable deck load	8,800 tons	7,150 tons	7,150 tons	7,150 tons	5,500 tons
Hook load	2,000 kips	2,500 kips	2,500 kips	2,500 kips	1,500 kips
Cantilever envelope	110 ft x 74 ft	75 ft x 30 ft	75 ft x 30 ft	75 ft x 30 ft	75 ft x 30 ft
Quarters capacity	140	150	150	150	118

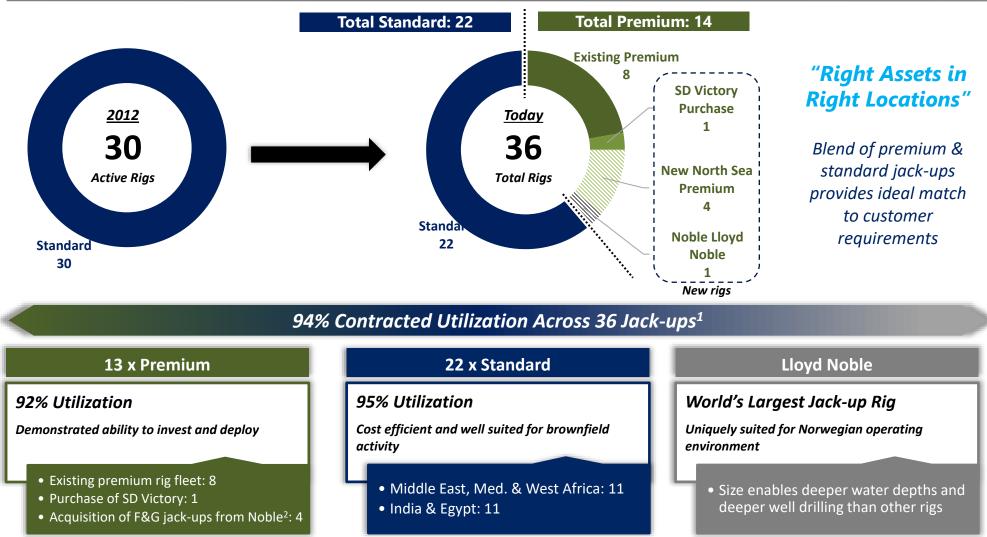
Source: Noble Corp., IHS Petrodata

Note (1): Rig renaming process underway

Note: All rigs have maximum drilling depth capability of 30,000+ ft and are equipped with 15k psi well control equipment Note: All rigs constructed at Jurong Shipyard, except NHD at DSIC

Strategic Evolution and Transformation of Jack-up Fleet





Note (1): As of November 10, 2022, includes recent contract awards for Shelf Drilling Victory in the Middle East and Trident VIII in West Africa. Note (2): Excluding Noble Lloyd Noble

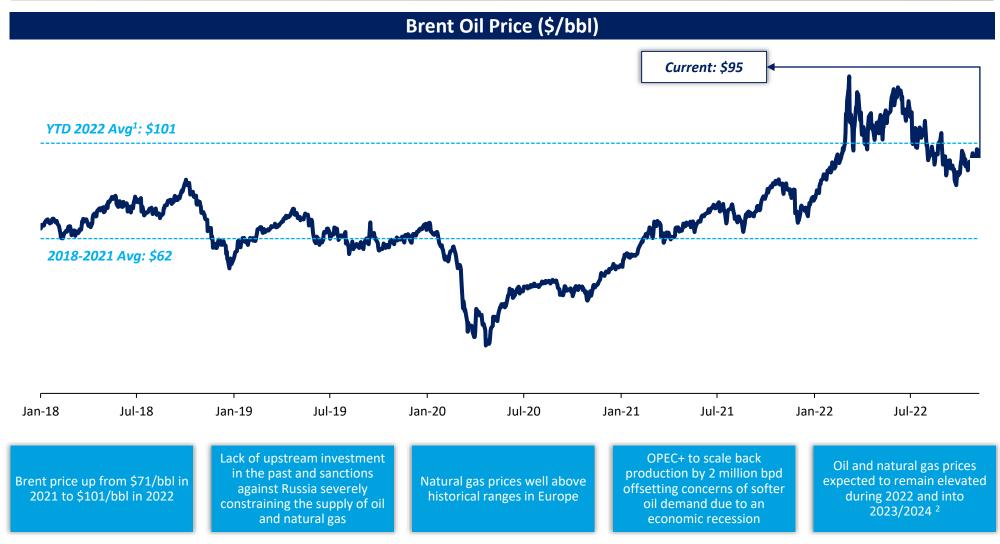
Key Transaction Highlights





Oil and Natural Gas Prices Supportive for Improved Activity





Source: Bloomberg, as of 09 November 2022

Note (1): YTD 2022 Average Brent oil price based on 1 January 2022 to 10 October 2022

Note (2): Source: Industry forecasts, including a recent forecast from the World Bank

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Middle East Has Transformed the Global Jack-up Market



100%

90%

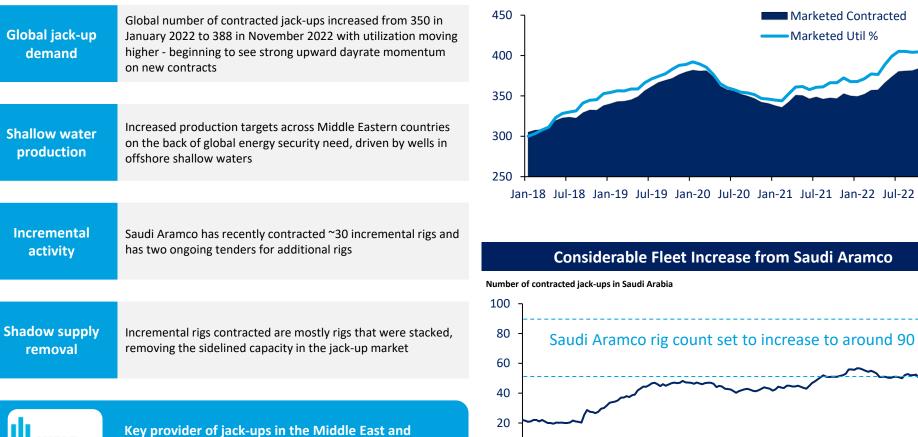
80%

70%

60%

Substantial Increase in Middle East Jack-up Demand

Recovery In Jack-up Demand Accelerating



0 2010

2011

2012 2013

2014

2015

2016

2017 2018

2019

elsewhere with strong client relationships

Source: Saudi Aramco, Joint Organizations Data Initiative, IHS Petrodata

demand

activity

2020 2021 2022

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Excess Jack-Up Supply Has Disappeared

	Projess	Contracte	Change Since	
Middle East rig count has reached new highs	Regions	Apr-14	Nov-22	Prior Peak
Significant further increases expected in years ahead	Middle East	127	147	
	India	32	32	0
	West Africa	20	13	-7
	SE Asia	67	41	-26
Other markets (West Africa, SE Asia, North Sea and Mexico) still	North Sea	46	32	-14
well below prior peaks	Mexico	50	37	-13
Demand likely to accelerate with current energy	US GOM	15	4	-11
backdrop	China	30	58	28
	Sub-Total	387	364	-23
	Total Under Contract	429	388	-41
	Available	24	36	12
	Total Active Supply	453	424	-29
Material reduction in supply over last 8 years	% Marketed Utilization	95%	92%	0
	Under Construction	141	21	-120

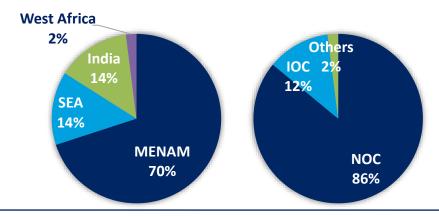
Source: IHS Petrodata as of 08 November 2022. Excludes Cold Stacked Rigs (49 today that are mostly considered non-competitive)

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High Fleet Utilization and Strong Backlog

Fleet Status Summary (As of 10 Nov 2022)										
	Contracted	Available	Total	% Contracted	Contract Expirations					
	Contracted	Available	TOLAT	% Contracted	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	H2 2023	2024+	
MENAM	13	0	13	100%	-	-	-	-	9	
Arabian Gulf ¹	10	0	10	100%	-	1	-	-	9	
NAF/Med ²	3	0	3	100%	-	2	-	1	-	
India	8	1	9	89%	-	2	-	-	6	
West Africa	6	0	6	100%	3	3	-	-	-	
SE Asia	3	1	4	75%	-	-	-	-	3	
North Sea	4	0	4	100%	-	1	-	2	1	
Total	34	2	36	94%	3	9	-	3	19	

Total Backlog – \$1,723 Million (As of 30 Sep 2022)



Note (1): Arabian Gulf includes Saudi Arabia, UAE, Bahrain and Oman. Note (2): North Africa & Mediterranean include Italy, Tunisia and Egypt operations. Note (3): Official rig naming formalities underway.

Recent Developments

- Completed acquisition of 5 premium jack-ups from Noble on 5 Oct 2022
 - Rigs will be renamed³: Noble Hans Deul SD Perseverance, Noble Sam Hartley SD Fortress, Noble Sam Turner – SD Winner, Noble Houston Colbert – SD Odyssey, and Noble Lloyd Noble – SD Barsk
 - Noble will continue to perform the current drilling program for SD Barsk under a bareboat charter arrangement until the end of current contract
- SD Victory secured 5-year firm plus 2-year option contract in Arabian Gulf
- SD Winner secured 2-year extension with Total Denmark
- Trident VIII secured 180-day firm plus 90-day option contract with Hans & Co., Ghana



Investment Highlights





Best in Class Operational Platform

Strong Customer Relationships and Industry Leading Backlog

Concentrated Exposure to Short Cycle, Low Cost, Low Carbon Activity

Full Cycle Financial Resilience and Balance Sheet Management

Well-Positioned to Benefit from Higher Commodity Prices

Q3 2022 Results

Shelf Drilling Q3 2022 Results Highlights

Results of Operations



(In thousands USD)	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	2
Revenues	\$ 150,	674 \$ 1	66,298
Operating Costs & Expenses			
Operating and maintenance	89,	052	88,845
Depreciation	14,	447	14,602
Amortization of deferred costs	13,	682	17,970
General and administrative	14,	295	12,945
Loss on disposal of assets		237	2,887
Operating Income	18,	961	29,049
Other Expense, Net			
Interest expense and financing charges, net of interest income	(26,	719) (27,012)
Other, net		209	1,287
(Loss) / Income Before Income Taxes	(7,	549)	3,324
Income tax expense	9,	182	9,371
Net Loss	\$ (16,	731) \$	(6,047)

Revenue Summary



•	\$15.6 million, or 10.4%, sequential increase in revenues:	
	 Effective utilization increased to 85% in Q3 2022 from 78% in Q2 2022, mainly due to: 	Operating Data
	 One rig in India (Key Singapore), one rig in Saudi Arabia (High Island V) and two rigs in Thailand (Shelf Drilling Chaophraya and Shelf Drilling 	Average marketable ri
	Enterprise) that started contracts in late June 2022 and July 2022.	Average dayrate ² (in t
	 Increase in mobilization and other revenues largely driven by India due to the full quarter of operations of 	Effective utilization ³
	the Key Singapore	Revenue (in thousands (
	 Average dayrate decreased slightly to \$62.0 thousand in Q3 2022 from \$62.6 thousand in Q2 2022 	Operating revenues –
•	Significant sequential revenue increase driven by India and Saudi Arabia	Operating revenues –
		Other revenues
		Total Revenues

	Q2 2022	Q3 2022
Operating Data		
Average marketable rigs ¹	30.0	30.0
Average dayrate ² (in thousands USD)	\$ 62.6	\$ 62.0
Effective utilization ³	78%	85%
Revenue (in thousands USD)		
Operating revenues – dayrate	\$ 133,529	\$ 145,943
Operating revenues – others	12,640	15,696
Other revenues	 4,505	4,659
Total Revenues	\$ 150,674	\$ 166,298

Note (1): "Marketable rigs" are defined as the total number of rigs operating or available to operate, excluding: stacked rigs and rigs under contract for activities other than drilling or plug and abandonment services, as applicable.

Note (2): "Average dayrate" is defined as the average contract dayrate earned by marketable rigs over the reporting period excluding mobilization fees, contract preparation, capital expenditure reimbursements, demobilization, recharges, bonuses and other revenues.

Note (3): "Effective utilization" is defined as the number of calendar days during which marketable rigs generate dayrate revenues divided by the maximum number of calendar days during which those rigs could have generated dayrate revenues.

Operating Expense Summary

- Operating and maintenance of \$88.8 million in Q3 2022, substantially similar to \$89.1 in Q2 2022:
 - Reduction in operating costs for the Shelf Drilling Scepter following completion of contract in Vietnam
 - Lower maintenance and shipyard expenses, primarily for the Shelf Drilling Chaophraya in Thailand and High Island V in Saudi Arabia following completion of outof-service projects
 - Offset by increases across the rest of the fleet
- General and administrative expenses of \$12.9 million in Q3 2022 decreased by \$1.4 million from Q2 2022 primarily due to the reduction of certain one-time costs incurred for the Acquisition in the prior period

(in thousands USD)	Q2 2022	Q3 2022
Operating Expenses		
Rig operating expenses	\$ 80,136	\$ 79,793
Shore-based expenses	8,916	9,052
Operating and maintenance	\$ 89,052	\$ 88,845
Corporate G&A	\$ 12,158	\$ 12,161
Provision for credit losses, net	32	95
Share-based compensation	631	637
One - time corporate transaction costs	1,474	52
General & administrative	\$ 14,295	\$ 12,945



Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation



(In thousands USD)	Q2 2022		Q3 2022
Net Loss	\$ (16,731)	\$	(6,047)
Add Back			
Interest expense and financing charges, net of interest income ¹	26,719		27,012
Income tax expense	9,182		9,371
Depreciation	14,447		14,602
Amortization of deferred costs	13,682		17,970
Loss on disposal of assets	237		2,887
EBITDA	\$ 47,536	\$	65,795
One-time corporate transaction costs ²	1,474		52
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 49,010	\$	65,847
Adjusted EBITDA margin	32.5%		39.6%

Note (1): "Interest expense and financing charges, net of interest income" is defined as interest expenses incurred and accrued on our debt and the amortization of debt issuance fees and costs over the term of the debt, net of interest income.

Note (2): "One-time corporate transaction costs" represents certain one-time third-party professional services.

Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs Summary



Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs totaled
\$59.9 million in Q3 2022, up \$26.8 million from
Q2 2022 primarily as a result of:

- Acquisition of the Shelf Drilling Victory in July 2022 and commencement of reactivation of the rig
- Higher spending on fleet spares
- Partially offset by lower spending for one rig in India which commenced a new contract in June 2022
- Lower planned maintenance and shipyard costs for two rigs in Saudi Arabia (High Island V and Shelf Drilling Achiever)

(In thousands USD)	Q2 2022	Q3 2022
Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs:		
Regulatory and capital maintenance ¹	\$ 17,280	\$ 12,613
Contract preparation ²	12,649	5,756
Fleet spares and other ³	 3,138	6,839
	\$ 33,067	\$ 25,208
Rig acquisitions ⁴	 30	34,657
Total Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs	\$ 33,097	\$ 59,865
Reconciliation to Statements of Cash Flow		
Cash payments for additions to PP&E	\$ 9,605	\$ 44,083
Net change in accrued but unpaid additions to PP&E	(394)	(101)
Total capital expenditures	\$ 9,211	\$ 43,982
Changes in deferred costs, net	\$ 10,204	\$ (2,087)
Add: Amortization of deferred costs	13,682	17,970
Total deferred costs	\$ 23,886	\$ 15,883
Total Capital Expenditures and Deferred Costs	\$ 33,097	\$ 59,865

Note: (1): "Regulatory and capital maintenance" includes major overhauls, regulatory costs, general upgrades and sustaining capital expenditures.

Note: (2): "Contract preparation" includes specific upgrade, mobilization and preparation costs associated with a customer contract.

Note: (3): "Fleet Spares and Others" includes: (i) acquisition and certification costs for the rig fleet spares pool which is allocated to specific rig expenditures as and when required by that rig, which

will result in an expenditure charge to that rig and a credit to fleet spares and (ii) office and infrastructure expenditures.

Note: (4): "Rig acquisitions" includes capital expenditures associated with the acquisition and readiness project for the Shelf Drilling Victory acquired in July 2022.



Capital Structure Summary

(In millions USD)	YE 2020	YE 2021	Q2 2022	Q3 2022
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 73	\$ 232	\$ 220	\$ 157
Restricted cash	16	21	26	276
Total Long-lived Assets ¹	1,168	1,166	1,161	1,185
Total Assets	\$ 1,516	\$ 1,618	\$ 1,636	\$ 1,868
8.25% Senior unsecured notes due 2025 ²	\$ 891	\$ 893	\$ 894	\$ 895
8.875% Senior secured notes due 2024 ³	_	299	301	302
10.25% Senior secured notes due 2025 ⁴	_	_	_	238
8.75% Senior secured notes due 2024 ⁵	78	_	_	_
RCF Drawdowns due 2023	55	—	—	_
Total Debt	\$ 1,024	\$ 1,192	\$ 1,195	\$ 1,435
Net Debt	\$ 951	\$ 960	\$ 975	\$ 1,278
Total Equity	\$ 289	\$ 214	\$ 242	\$ 236



- LTM Adjusted EBITDA of \$216.5 million and Net Leverage ratio of 5.9x as of September 30, 2022
- Total restricted cash securing bank guarantees was \$30.6 million at September 30, 2022 compared to \$26.4 million at June 30, 2022. Balance as of September 30, 2022 also includes \$245.2 million from the issuance of \$250.0 million of 10.25% Senior Secured Notes to partially finance the Acquisition in October 2022
- Total shares outstanding of 175.5 million as of September 30, 2022
 - Primary insiders: 66.4 million or 37.8%, consisting primarily of China Merchants: 26.8 million (15.3%), Castle Harlan: 19.7 million (11.2%) and Lime Rock: 17.2 million (9.8%)

Note (1): "Total Long Lived Assets" are defined as property plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and short term and long term deferred costs. This excludes assets held for sale.

Note (2): Reflects carrying value. Principal value is \$900.0 million.

Note (3): Reflects carrying value. Principal value is \$310.0 million.

Note (4): Reflects carrying value. Principal value is \$250.0 million.

Note (5): Reflects carrying value. Principal value was \$80.0 million for YE 2020.

Free Cash Flow Summary

- Q3 2022 Adjusted EBITDA of \$65.8 million and Adjusted EBITDA Margin of 40%, representing \$16.8 million sequential increase
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$63.0 million to \$156.9 million during Q3 2022, mainly due to:
 - Purchase of Shelf Drilling Victory in July 2022 (\$24.0 million balance payment) and commencement of reactivation project
 - Higher cash interest payment in Q3 2022 (\$37.1 million vs \$13.8 million in Q2 2022)
 - Build in net working capital following increase in revenues and EBITDA

	Ending Cash and Cash E
	Beginning Cash
	Net Change in Cash and
	Deposits for Rig Acquisit
	Net proceeds from issua
	Restricted cash for Rig a



Quarterly Cash Flow Summary (\$MM)		Q2 2022	Q3 2022
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	49.0	\$ 65.8
Adjustments		1.5	0.1
EBITDA	\$	47.5	\$ 65.7
Interest expense, net of interest income		(26.7)	(27.0)
Income tax expense		(9.2)	(9.4)
Capital expenditures and deferred costs ¹		(33.1)	(25.2)
Sub-Total	\$	(21.5)	\$ 4.1
Growth Projects Capex / Deferred Costs: Rig Acquisitions Working Capital Impact		_	(34.7)
Interest ²		13.0	(10.1)
Other		9.0	(25.2)
Sub-Total	\$	22.0	\$ (70.0)
Net proceeds from issuance of debt		_	242.3
Restricted cash for Rig acquisitions		—	(245.2)
Net proceeds from issuance of common shares		48.5	(0.2)
Deposits for Rig Acquisitions		(43.5)	6.0
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5.5	\$ (63.0)
Beginning Cash		214.4	219.9
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	219.9	\$ 156.9

Note (1): Excludes rig acquisitions.

Note (2): Represents the difference between interest expense, net and cash interest payments during the period.

