

SHELF DRILLING, LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 AND 2016
(UNAUDITED)

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SHELF DRILLING, LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In thousands, except share data)
(Unaudited)

	<u>Three months ended September 30,</u>		<u>Nine months ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Revenues				
Operating revenues.....	\$ 134,015	\$ 174,469	\$ 413,886	\$ 517,106
Other revenue.....	3,760	4,191	12,982	11,135
	<u>137,775</u>	<u>178,660</u>	<u>426,868</u>	<u>528,241</u>
Operating costs and expenses				
Operating and maintenance.....	74,603	79,858	216,232	269,048
Depreciation.....	20,743	17,869	58,853	53,446
Amortization of deferred costs.....	15,412	27,543	48,740	72,034
General and administrative.....	8,074	4,184	31,251	28,501
Loss on impairment of assets.....	-	-	34,802	-
Loss on disposal of assets.....	47	1,929	362	3,710
	<u>118,879</u>	<u>131,383</u>	<u>390,240</u>	<u>426,739</u>
Operating income.....	<u>18,896</u>	<u>47,277</u>	<u>36,628</u>	<u>101,502</u>
Other (expense) / income, net				
Interest income.....	417	128	821	284
Interest expense and financing charges.....	(18,723)	(20,314)	(65,316)	(58,681)
Other, net.....	(1,140)	(827)	(1,928)	(1,457)
	<u>(19,446)</u>	<u>(21,013)</u>	<u>(66,423)</u>	<u>(59,854)</u>
(Loss) / income before income taxes.....	<u>(550)</u>	<u>26,264</u>	<u>(29,795)</u>	<u>41,648</u>
Income tax expense	5,178	6,940	8,919	16,976
Net (loss) / income.....	<u>\$ (5,728)</u>	<u>\$ 19,324</u>	<u>\$ (38,714)</u>	<u>\$ 24,672</u>
Net (loss) / income attributable to ordinary shares *...	<u>\$ (10,103)</u>	<u>\$ 19,324</u>	<u>\$ (51,302)</u>	<u>\$ 24,672</u>
(Loss) / earnings per share: *				
Basic - Common shares.....	\$ (0.12)	\$ -	\$ (0.57)	\$ -
Diluted - Common shares.....	\$ (0.12)	\$ -	\$ (0.57)	\$ -
Basic and Diluted - Class A shares.....	\$ -	\$ 43.42	\$ (10.79)	\$ 55.37
Basic and Diluted - Class B shares.....	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Basic and Diluted - Class C shares.....	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Basic and Diluted - Class D shares.....	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic - Common shares.....	81,565,133	-	81,562,606	-
Diluted - Common shares.....	81,565,133	-	81,562,606	-
Basic and Diluted - Class A shares.....	-	445,016	444,594	445,622
Basic - Class B shares.....	-	17,246	18,485	17,534
Diluted - Class B shares.....	-	21,367	18,485	21,092
Basic - Class C shares.....	-	5,115	5,110	5,122
Diluted - Class C shares.....	-	5,646	5,110	5,480
Basic - Class D shares.....	-	-	-	-
Diluted - Class D shares.....	-	-	-	-

* The (loss)/earnings per share are calculated based on information for four months ended April 30, 2017 for the ordinary Class A, B, C and D shares and based on information for five months ended September 30, 2017 for the common shares. See Note 17 – (Loss) / Earnings Per Share.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

SHELF DRILLING, LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	<u>Three months ended September 30,</u>		<u>Nine months ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Net (loss) / income.....	\$ (5,728)	\$ 19,324	\$ (38,714)	\$ 24,672
Other comprehensive income, net of tax.....				
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts.....				
Changes in unrealized gains.....	77	406	162	478
Reclassification of net gain from other comprehensive income to net income.....	(97)	(179)	(121)	(204)
	<u>\$ (20)</u>	<u>\$ 227</u>	<u>\$ 41</u>	<u>\$ 274</u>
Total comprehensive (loss) / income.....	<u>\$ (5,748)</u>	<u>\$ 19,551</u>	<u>\$ (38,673)</u>	<u>\$ 24,946</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

SHELF DRILLING, LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share data)
(Unaudited)

	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2016</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 106,577	\$ 213,139
Accounts and other receivables, net.....	144,300	125,312
Asset held for sale.....	1,386	-
Other current assets.....	91,072	95,235
Total current assets.....	343,335	433,686
Property and equipment.....	1,612,380	1,326,361
Less accumulated depreciation.....	350,329	295,685
Property and equipment, net.....	1,262,051	1,030,676
Deferred tax assets.....	1,771	3,137
Other assets.....	96,756	118,441
Total assets.....	\$ 1,703,913	\$ 1,585,940
Liabilities and equity		
Accounts payable.....	\$ 57,980	\$ 70,605
Interest payable.....	20,997	15,773
Obligations under sale and leaseback.....	35,115	15,977
Short-term debt.....	1,715	-
Other current liabilities.....	38,978	32,665
Total current liabilities.....	154,785	135,020
Long-term debt.....	526,117	809,016
Obligations under sale and leaseback.....	287,666	228,728
Deferred tax liabilities.....	4,080	8,525
Other long-term liabilities.....	19,259	25,197
Total long-term liabilities.....	837,122	1,071,466
Mezzanine equity, net of issuance costs	165,978	-
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Common shares of \$0.01 par value; 200,000,000 and 5,000,000 shares authorized at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively; issued and outstanding as follows:		
Common shares: 83,125,000 and nil at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively..	831	-
Class A shares: nil and 444,594 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.....	-	5
Class B shares: nil and 25,099 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.....	-	-
Class C shares: nil and 6,075 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.....	-	-
Shares held in trust for share-based compensation of \$0.01 par value; 2,274,764 and 15,844 shares at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.....	(23)	-
Additional paid-in capital.....	667,358	462,914
Accumulated other comprehensive income.....	41	-
Accumulated losses.....	(122,179)	(83,465)
Total equity.....	546,028	379,454
Total liabilities and equity.....	\$ 1,703,913	\$ 1,585,940

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

SHELF DRILLING, LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
(In thousands, except share data)
(Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Shares		Amount	
Common shares				
Balance, beginning of period.....	475,768	477,326	\$ 5	\$ 5
Shares issued to trust	1,629	1,494	-	-
Repurchase and retirement of ordinary shares.....	(477,397)	(4,067)	(5)	-
Recapitalization.....	55,000,000	-	550	-
Issuance of common shares - Private Placement.....	28,125,000	-	281	-
Balance, end of period.....	83,125,000	474,753	\$ 831	\$ 5
Shares held in trust for share-based compensation				
Balance, beginning of period.....	15,844	15,487	\$ -	\$ -
Shares issued to trust	1,629	1,494	-	-
Retirement of ordinary shares.....	(17,473)	(2,402)	-	-
Replaced for common shares.....	2,274,764	-	(23)	-
Balance, end of period.....	2,274,764	14,579	\$ (23)	\$ -
Additional paid-in capital				
Balance, beginning of period.....			\$ 462,914	\$ 464,403
Issuance of common shares - Private Placement.....			216,920	-
Recapitalization adjustment.....			(522)	-
Preferred shares dividend.....			(12,588)	-
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures...			634	23
Repurchase and retirement of shares.....			-	(1,495)
Balance, end of period.....			\$ 667,358	\$ 462,931
Accumulated other comprehensive income				
Balance, beginning of period.....			\$ -	\$ -
Net unrealized gain on outstanding foreign currency forward exchange contracts.....			41	274
Balance, end of period.....			\$ 41	\$ 274
Accumulated losses				
Balance, beginning of period.....			\$ (83,465)	\$ (53,629)
Net (loss) / income.....			(38,714)	24,672
Balance, end of period.....			\$ (122,179)	\$ (28,957)
Total equity				
Balance, beginning of period.....			\$ 379,454	\$ 410,779
Issuance of common shares - Private Placement.....			217,201	-
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures...			634	23
Preferred shares dividend.....			(12,588)	-
Repurchase and retirement of ordinary shares.....			-	(1,495)
Total comprehensive (loss) / income.....			(38,673)	24,946
Balance, end of period.....			\$ 546,028	\$ 434,253

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

SHELF DRILLING, LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net (loss) / income.....	\$ (38,714)	\$ 24,672
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	58,853	53,446
Loss on impairment of assets.....	34,802	-
Reversal of provision for doubtful accounts, net.....	(4,802)	(7,815)
Amortization of deferred revenue.....	(11,926)	(19,816)
Gain on foreign currency forward exchange contracts.....	(121)	(204)
Share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures.....	634	23
Non-cash portion of loss on debt extinguishment.....	4,371	-
Payment of original issue discount.....	(10,500)	-
Amortization of debt issue costs and discounts	2,797	5,203
Loss on disposal of assets.....	362	3,710
Deferred tax benefit, net.....	(3,079)	(25)
Proceeds from settlement of foreign currency forward exchange contracts.....	121	204
Changes in deferred costs, net *	20,898	32,983
Changes in operating assets and liabilities.....	(2,576)	5,982
Net cash provided by operating activities.....	51,120	98,363
Cash flows from investing activities		
Additions to property and equipment *	(248,500)	(40,746)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment.....	1,405	1,207
Proceeds from sale and leaseback.....	16,880	-
Change in restricted cash.....	(5,981)	921
Net cash used in investing activities.....	(236,196)	(38,618)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Short-term debt.....	1,715	-
Proceeds from issuance of common shares - Private Placement.....	225,000	-
Payments for common and preferred shares issuance costs.....	(8,487)	-
Payments for redemption of ordinary shares.....	-	(1,495)
Payments for obligations under sale and leaseback.....	(15,978)	-
Payments to retire long-term debt.....	(103,750)	-
Payments of debt issuance costs.....	(10,351)	-
Preferred shares dividend paid.....	(9,635)	-
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities.....	78,514	(1,495)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents.....	(106,562)	58,250
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period.....	213,139	115,685
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period.....	\$ 106,577	\$ 173,935

* See Note 16 – Supplemental Cash Flow Information for a reconciliation of cash payment for additions to property and equipment and changes in deferred costs, net to total capital expenditures and deferred costs.

SHELF DRILLING, LTD.
NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

Note 1 — Nature of Business

Business

Shelf Drilling, Ltd. (“SDL”) was incorporated on August 14, 2012 as a private corporation in the Cayman Islands and is a holding company with no significant operations or assets other than owned interests in its direct and indirect subsidiaries. SDL and its majority owned subsidiaries (together, the “Company”) provide shallow-water drilling services to the oil and natural gas industry. On September 9, 2012, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to acquire 37 jackup rigs and one swamp barge (the “Acquisition”) from Transocean Inc. (the “Seller”). The Acquisition closed on November 30, 2012. The Company’s corporate offices are in Dubai, United Arab Emirates (“UAE”), geographically close to its operations in the Middle East, South East Asia, India, West Africa and the Mediterranean. The principal investors in the Company are affiliates of Castle Harlan, Inc., CHAMP Private Equity and Lime Rock Partners (together, the “Sponsors”).

SDL, through its majority and wholly owned subsidiaries, provides safe and reliable fit-for-purpose independent cantilever jackup drilling services. The Company is primarily engaged in development and workover activity on producing assets in shallow water of up to 400 feet in water depth. As of September 30, 2017, the Company owns 39 independent cantilever jackup rigs and one swamp barge.

Basis of Preparation

The Company has prepared the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information. Pursuant to such rules and regulations, these financial statements do not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements reflect all adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods. Such adjustments are considered to be of a normal recurring nature unless otherwise noted. Operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2017 or for any future period. The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Note 2 — Recently Adopted and Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Recently adopted accounting standards

On October 26, 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2016-17, Consolidation (Topic 810): Interests Held through Related Parties that are Under Common Control, which alters how a decision maker needs to consider indirect interests in a variable interest entity (“VIE”) held through an entity under common control. The new guidance amends ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis, issued in February 2015. Under the new ASU, if a decision maker is required to evaluate whether it is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, it will need to consider only its proportionate indirect interest in the VIE held through a common control party. Currently, ASU 2015-02 directs the decision maker to treat the common control party’s interest in the VIE as if the decision maker held the interest itself (sometimes called the “full attribution approach”). Under ASU 2015-02, a decision maker applies the proportionate approach only in those instances when it holds an indirect interest in a VIE through a related party that is not under common control. The amendment eliminates this distinction. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company has adopted this ASU from its effective date with no impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Recently issued accounting standards

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-12, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities. This ASU refines and expands hedge accounting for both financial (e.g. interest rate) and commodity risks and creates more transparency around how economic results are presented, both on the face of the financial statements and in the footnotes, for investors and analysts. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and December 15, 2019 for public and private entities, respectively, including interim periods within those periods, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not intend to early adopt this standard. Management believes that the adoption will not have a material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-09, Compensation — Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification. The amendments applies to entities that change the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award. The FASB

SHELF DRILLING, LTD.
NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

Accounting Standards Codification currently defines the term modification as “a change in any of the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award”.

These amendments require the entity to account for the effects of a modification unless all of the following conditions are met:

- The fair value (or calculated value or intrinsic value, if such an alternative measurement method is used) of the modified award is the same as the fair value (or value using an alternative measurement method) of the original award immediately before the original award is modified. If the modification does not affect any of the inputs to the valuation technique that the entity uses to value the award, the entity is not required to estimate the value immediately before and after the modification;
- The vesting conditions of the modified award are the same as the vesting conditions of the original award immediately before the original award is modified; and
- The classification of the modified award as an equity instrument or a liability instrument is the same as the classification of the original award immediately before the original award is modified.

The amendments are effective for all entities for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The Company will adopt this standard as of January 1, 2018. Management believes that the adoption will not have a material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, Compensation — Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost. The amendments require that an employer report the service cost component in the same line item or items as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the pertinent employees during the period. The other components of net benefit cost are required to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations, if one is presented. The amendments also allow only the service cost component to be eligible for capitalization when applicable. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017 with early adoption permitted. The Company will adopt this standard as of January 1, 2018. Management believes that the adoption will not have a material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

In February 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-05, Other Income – Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets. The amendments clarify that nonfinancial assets within the scope of Subtopic 610-20 may include nonfinancial assets transferred within a legal entity to a counterparty and that an entity should identify each distinct nonfinancial asset or in substance nonfinancial asset promised to a counterparty and derecognize each asset when a counterparty obtains control of it. The amendments are effective for annual and interim periods for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 with an option of early adoption for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company does not intend to early adopt this standard. Management believes that the adoption will not have a material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB has issued ASU No. 2017-01, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business. The amendments affect all companies and other reporting organizations that must determine whether they have acquired or sold a business. The definition of a business affects many areas of accounting including acquisitions, disposals, goodwill, and consolidation. The amendments are intended to help companies and other organizations evaluate whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The amendments provide a more robust framework to use in determining when a set of assets and activities is a business. They also provide more consistency in applying the guidance, reduce the costs of application, and make the definition of a business more operable. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and December 15, 2018 for public and private entities, respectively, including interim periods within those periods. The Company will adopt this standard as of January 1, 2018. Management believes that the adoption will not have a material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash. The amendments require that a statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. As a result, amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. The amendments do not provide a definition of restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. The amendments should be applied using a retrospective transition method to each period presented. This update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not intend to early adopt this standard. Upon adoption, the Company will include the restricted cash balance as part of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash on the condensed consolidated interim statements of cash flows and the change in restricted cash will no longer be presented as a separate line item under cash flows from investing activities. The adoption of this ASU has no impact on the condensed consolidated interim balance sheet.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15 Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. The amendments provide guidance on eight specific cash flow issues thereby addressing the diversity in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The eight specific cash flow issues include: Debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs; settlement of zero-coupon debt instruments or other debt instruments with coupon interest rates that are insignificant in relation to the effective interest rate of the borrowing; contingent consideration payments made after a business combination; proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims; proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies (COLIs) (including bank-owned life insurance policies (BOLIs)); distributions received from equity method investees; beneficial interests in securitization transactions; and separately identifiable cash flows and application of the predominance principle. The amendments should be applied retrospectively effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. If it is impracticable to apply the amendments retrospectively for some of the issues, the amendments for those issues would be applied prospectively as of the earliest date practicable. The Company does not intend to early adopt this standard. Management believes that the adoption will not have a material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, except the presentation of certain debt retirement costs which will be presented as cash flows from financing activities under the retrospective treatment of this ASU.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The main objective of this ASU is to improve financial reporting by requiring timelier recording of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments and to provide financial statement users with more decision-useful information about the expected credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments with enhanced disclosures that are held by a reporting entity at each reporting date. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not intend to early adopt this standard. Management believes that the adoption will not have a material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). Under the new guidance, lessees will be required to recognize the following for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date:

- A lease liability, which is a lessee’s obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and
- A right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee’s right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term.

Under the new guidance, lessor accounting is largely unchanged. Certain targeted improvements were made to align, where necessary, lessor accounting with the lessee accounting model and Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The applicability of this standard to the Company is discussed below along with ASU 2014-09, Revenues from Contracts with Customers due to the significant interaction between both the Standards.

In May 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenues from Contracts with Customers, a new guidance intended to change the criteria for recognition of revenue. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, an additional guidance ASU No. 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date was issued to delay the effective date by one year. ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) is now effective for annual and interim periods for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, though companies have an option of adopting the standard for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

In March 2016 and April 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net) and ASU No. 2016-10 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, respectively. The amendments in ASU No. 2016-08 and ASU No. 2016-10 do not change the core principle of ASU No. 2014-09, but instead clarify the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations and identify performance obligations and the licensing implementation guidance, respectively. In addition, in May 2016 and December 2016, FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients and ASU No. 2016-20, Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, respectively which are intended to provide clarifying guidance in certain narrow areas and add some practical expedients.

The Company has formed a project team to assess and implement the implications of Topic 842 and Topic 606 and the related amendments (together, “the Standards”) on the Company’s condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The project team has undergone training, completed an initial assessment of the implications of the Standards and is currently in the process of finalizing the assessment.

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Based on the initial assessment of the drilling contracts entered into with the Company's customers, the project team has concluded that a standard drilling contract has a lease component relating to the provision of the drilling rig and the related equipment and a non-lease component relating to the drilling services. No other significant changes are expected in the Company's revenue recognition based on the initial assessment. The Company is currently considering the appropriate approach for separating the dayrates of a drilling contract into lease and nonlease components. In respect of the Company's leases as a lessee, any impact on the balance sheet as a result of recording the Company's operating lease as right-of-use assets is not expected to be significant. No significant changes are also expected with respect to the Company's finance leases. The Company also expects an increase in both quantitative and qualitative disclosures as a result of the adoption of the Standards. As both Standards interact with respect to the Company's revenue recognition, the Company intends to adopt both Standards concurrently from 1 January 2018. The Company has also decided that the modified retrospective approach for transition provided under Topic 842 will be adopted along with all the practical expedients. With respect to Topic 606, the Company will apply the cumulative effects approach for transition. As the assessment process has not concluded, the above-mentioned conclusions are subject to change.

Note 3 — Consolidated Variable Interest Entities

The Company, through its wholly owned indirect subsidiary Shelf Drilling Holdings Ltd ("SDHL"), is the primary beneficiary of four variable interest entities ("VIEs") which are Shelf Drilling Ventures Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. ("SDVM"), PT Hitek Nusantara Offshore Drilling ("PT Hitek"), Shelf Drilling Nigeria Ltd. ("SDNL") and Shelf Drilling Offshore Services Limited ("SDOSL"), which are included in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. These VIEs are incorporated in jurisdictions where majority or significant foreign ownership of domestic companies is restricted or alternatively, commercially incompatible with local contents requirements. To comply with such foreign ownership and/or local contents restrictions, the Company and the relevant third parties have contractual arrangements to convey decision-making and economic rights to the Company. These VIEs provide drilling and other services.

SDVM is a Malaysian incorporated entity that is 60% owned by a Malaysian third party. The Company has the power to direct the operating and marketing activities of SDVM, which are the activities that most significantly impact SDVM's economic performance. The Malaysian third party is not in a position to provide additional financing and does not participate in any losses of SDVM.

PT Hitek is an Indonesian incorporated entity that is 20% owned by an Indonesian partner. The Company has the power to direct the operating and marketing activities of PT Hitek, which are the activities that most significantly impact such entity's economic performance. The Indonesian partner does not participate in any losses of PT Hitek, does not have capital at risk and is not in a position to provide additional financing.

SDNL is 51% owned by Nigerian third parties. The Company has the power to direct the operating and marketing activities of SDNL, which are the activities that most significantly impact SDNL's economic performance and has the obligation to absorb losses.

SDOSL is 20% owned by Nigerian third parties. The Company is responsible to provide additional subordinated financial support to SDOSL to carry on its activities because the equity contributed by the third parties collectively at risk in times of distress is not sufficient.

Based on the facts discussed above, the Company has determined that these four entities met the criteria of VIEs for accounting purpose because the Company has the power to direct the operating and marketing activities, which are the activities that most significantly impact each entity's economic performance, and has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive a majority of the benefits that could be potentially significant to these VIEs.

The carrying amounts associated with the VIEs, after eliminating the effect of intercompany transactions, were as follows (in thousands):

	Shelf Drilling Ventures (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd	PT Hitek Nusantara Offshore Drilling	Shelf Drilling Nigeria) Ltd.	Shelf Drilling Offshore Services Limited	Total
September 30, 2017:					
Total assets	\$ 82	\$ 14,919	\$ 18,696	\$ 3,019	\$ 36,716
Total liabilities	795	2,968	5,851	671	10,285
Net carrying amount	\$ (713)	\$ 11,951	\$ 12,845	\$ 2,348	\$ 26,431
December 31, 2016:					
Total assets	\$ 125	\$ 5,997	\$ 22,556	\$ 3,081	\$ 31,759
Total liabilities	477	786	5,526	775	7,564
Net carrying amount	\$ (352)	\$ 5,211	\$ 17,030	\$ 2,306	\$ 24,195

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Note 4 — Property and Equipment

Property and equipment as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2016</u>
Drilling rigs and equipment.....	\$ 1,553,247	\$ 1,138,016
Spares.....	37,053	33,866
Construction in progress.....	4,245	136,834
Land and building.....	1,354	1,228
Other	16,481	16,417
Total property and equipment.....	\$ 1,612,380	\$ 1,326,361
Less: Accumulated depreciation.....	(350,329)	(295,685)
Total property and equipment, net.....	\$ 1,262,051	\$ 1,030,676

The Company added four drilling rigs to its drilling fleet during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 consisting of one Newbuild rig and three rigs purchased from a third party. There were no rig additions during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

On April 6, 2017, the Company took delivery of the second Newbuild which started its drilling contract with Chevron on June 1, 2017 after completion of final customer acceptance procedures. As a result of this addition, the Company transferred \$227.0 million from construction in progress to drilling rigs and equipment. The first Newbuild rig was delivered on September 29, 2016 and started its drilling contract with Chevron on December 1, 2016.

On April 29, 2017, the Company entered into three separate asset purchase agreements to acquire three premium jackup drilling rigs from a third party for \$75.4 million each using the net proceeds from the Private Placement – See Note 13 – Shareholders’ Equity. On May 18, 2017, two rigs were delivered, and on September 8, 2017, the third rig was delivered. These rigs are capitalized along with the associated transaction costs of \$0.2 million under “Drilling rigs and equipment”.

Total capital expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$323.1 million and \$167.6 million, respectively. This includes \$92.2 million and \$158.3 million related to progress payments, internal project costs, change orders, owner furnished equipment and capitalized interest for the Newbuilds during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. It also includes \$226.9 million related to the three rigs acquired during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Total capital expenditures through September 30, 2017 and 2016 on the Newbuilds were \$455.8 million and \$329.8 million, respectively, of which \$330.0 million and \$203.7 million, respectively, were paid by the Lessor (see Note 8 – Sale and Leaseback).

Interest capitalized on the Newbuild rigs totaled \$4.7 million and \$12.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, which included \$2.6 million and \$7.3 million, respectively, related to the sale and leaseback financing agreements.

On September 14, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement with a third party to sell the stacked rig Adriatic IX and the rig is reported under Asset held for sale as of September 30, 2017 (see Note 5 – Asset Held for Sale). The Company sold two stacked rigs, Adriatic V and Adriatic VI, for \$0.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The carrying value of both rigs was \$1.6 million and disposal costs were \$0.3 million, which resulted in a loss on disposal of \$1.1 million. Disposals of other property and equipment with a net carrying value of \$1.4 million and \$3.4 million which were sold for \$1.0 million and \$0.8 million resulted in a loss on disposal of assets of \$0.4 million and \$2.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

During the third quarter of 2017, the Company evaluated certain rigs with indicators for impairment and determined that the carrying values for these rigs were recoverable from the estimated undiscounted cash flows measured under an income approach.

During the interim period ended June 30, 2017, as crude oil prices declined further and the Company observed continued pressure on dayrates and experienced an increase in the number of idle rigs, the Company recognized an additional impairment loss of \$34.8 million on four of its rigs, out of which one was impaired to salvage value, during the three months ended June 30, 2017. The fair value of the drilling rigs was calculated using the income approach based on estimated discounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the rigs. The estimate of fair value required the Company to use significant unobservable inputs such as rig utilization rates, dayrates, operating, overhead and overhaul costs, remaining useful life and salvage value, representing a Level 3 fair value measurement.

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The Company did not record an impairment charge during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Drilling rigs under capital and operating leases

The net carrying amount of drilling rigs and equipment includes two Newbuild rigs (December 31, 2016: one) held under a capital lease and one rig leased to a customer under an operating lease.

The drilling rigs under a capital lease had a total cost of \$455.8 million and \$228.6 million, and accumulated depreciation of \$9.1 million and \$1.1 million, as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the rig under an operating lease had a net carrying value of \$15.0 million and \$16.4 million, and accumulated depreciation of \$8.4 million and \$7.0 million, respectively. This rig commenced its three-year bareboat charter contract (with two 12 month extension options) with a private limited liability company on February 8, 2016.

As of September 30, 2017, following is the summary of future minimum rentals receivable on operating lease (in thousands):

For the twelve months ending September 30,

2018.....	\$ 8,395
2019.....	2,829
2020.....	-
Thereafter.....	-
Total future minimum rentals.....	<u>\$ 11,224</u>

Due to payment delays by the lessee, the Company has deferred revenue recognition from May 2017 onwards and has recorded a net provision of \$1.5 million against the total outstanding receivable from the lessee during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Note 5 – Asset Held for Sale

On September 14, 2017, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with a third party to sell the Adriatic IX. The rig was stacked and not being marketed for contract drilling. The Company received a deposit of \$2.2 million for the sale which was recorded under “other current liabilities” in the condensed consolidated interim balance sheet as at September 30, 2017. The closing of this transaction occurred on October 13, 2017 and the Company will record a gain of approximately \$2.7 million in the fourth quarter of 2017.

Note 6 — Income Taxes

Tax Rate — SDL is exempt from all income taxation in the Cayman Islands.

The provision for income taxes is based on the tax laws and rates applicable in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates and earns income or is considered resident for income tax purposes. The relationship between the provision for or benefit from income taxes and the income or loss before income taxes can vary significantly from period to period considering, among other factors, (a) the overall level of income before income taxes, (b) changes in the blend of income that is taxed based on gross revenues rather than income before taxes, (c) rig movements between taxing jurisdictions; and (d) changes in rig operating structures which may alter the basis on which the Company is taxed in a particular jurisdiction.

The effective income tax rate for the Company’s continuing operations was (29.9%) and 40.8 % for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The difference in effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is primarily due to an increased proportion of expenses in 2017 for which there will be no tax benefit as such expenses are either incurred in jurisdictions which impose tax based on gross revenue rather than on net income or are incurred in jurisdictions in which the Company does not pay tax or which do not allow for a tax deduction for such expenses. As a result, the Company has an income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, despite having a loss before income taxes, resulting in a negative effective tax rate.

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Income Tax Expense — Income tax expense was \$5.2 million and \$8.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, compared to \$6.9 million and \$17.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. The decrease in income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is primarily the result of a reduction in deferred tax liabilities related to the future income tax cost of repatriating the unremitted earnings of a certain subsidiary, due to a decrease in the amount of unremitted earnings which the Company believes will be repatriated in the foreseeable future, as well as tax benefits related to an increase in the amount of income tax refunds the Company believes it will recover in certain jurisdictions primarily due to a favorable court order received during 2017.

Income tax (benefit) / expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 is calculated using a discrete approach whereby income tax (benefit) / expense is determined by estimating the actual income tax liability that will result from earnings from continued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 rather than by using an estimated annual effective income tax rate as applied to year-to-date income before income taxes, primarily due to management’s view that it is not possible to reliably estimate an annual 2017 effective tax rate given the sensitivity of the estimated annual effective tax rate to any changes in annual income or losses before income tax.

The Company’s deferred tax liabilities as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 include liabilities related to the future income tax cost of repatriating the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries that are not indefinitely reinvested or that will not be indefinitely reinvested in the future. If unforeseen law changes or other facts and circumstances cause a change in expectations regarding the future tax cost of repatriating these earnings, the resulting adjustments to the deferred tax balances could have a material effect on the Company’s condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The Company considers the earnings of a certain subsidiary to be indefinitely reinvested. As such, the Company has not provided for taxes on these unremitted earnings. At September 30, 2017, the amount of indefinitely reinvested earnings was approximately \$15.2 million. The Company did not consider any part of its unremitted earnings to be indefinitely reinvested as at December 31, 2016. Should the Company make a distribution from these unremitted earnings in the future, such distributions may be subject to withholding taxes; however, it is not practicable to determine precisely the amount of withholding tax that may be payable on the eventual distribution of these earnings.

The Company’s deferred tax assets include subsidiary level net operating loss carry-forwards which are expected to be utilized in future periods. To the extent that insufficient taxable income is generated by the relevant subsidiaries in future years to fully utilize these net operating loss carry-forwards, any remaining carry-forwards will expire by 2024.

Liabilities for Uncertain Tax Positions — The Company has tax liabilities related to various tax positions that have been taken on the tax returns of certain subsidiaries that have resulted in a reduction in tax liabilities for those subsidiaries. In management’s judgment, these tax positions are “uncertain” in that they are likely to be successfully challenged by the relevant tax authorities in the future. Any interest and penalties related to such liabilities are included as a component of the income tax expense. The liabilities for uncertain tax positions, including any related interest and penalties, recorded as “Other long-term liabilities”, were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2016</u>
Liabilities for uncertain tax positions, excluding interest and penalties.....	\$ 2,165	\$ 2,455
Interest and penalties.....	-	-
Liabilities for uncertain tax positions, including interest and penalties.....	<u>\$ 2,165</u>	<u>\$ 2,455</u>

The changes to liabilities for uncertain tax positions, excluding interest and penalties, were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2016</u>
Balance, beginning of period.....	\$ 2,455	\$ 1,357
Reductions for prior period tax positions.....	(280)	(458)
Reductions related to statute of limitation expirations.....	(81)	(100)
Additions for current period tax positions.....	71	1,656
Balance, end of period.....	<u>\$ 2,165</u>	<u>\$ 2,455</u>

The liabilities for uncertain tax positions include certain amounts which were acquired from the Seller as part of the Acquisition. The Company is fully indemnified by the Seller for all such acquired liabilities. The indemnity related receivable is recorded in “Other assets”.

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The Company engages in ongoing discussions with tax authorities regarding the resolution of tax matters in the various jurisdictions in which it operates. Both the ultimate outcome of these tax matters and the timing of any resolution or closure of the tax audits are uncertain. While the Company cannot predict or provide assurance as to the final outcome of these proceedings, it does not expect the ultimate liability to have a material adverse effect on its condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Further, the Company is indemnified from any tax liabilities of subsidiaries previously owned by the Seller related to the periods prior to the Acquisition.

Note 7 — Debt

Short-term debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
Short-term debt		
Unsecured overdraft facility (see note (i) below).....	\$ 1,715	\$ -

(i) Unsecured overdraft facility

On April 26, 2017, Shelf Drilling Egypt Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a \$5 million equivalent of foreign currency unsecured and uncommitted credit facility. The facility is available in foreign currency to finance the subsidiary's running expenses, overheads and payments to suppliers. Interest is paid monthly on the drawn balance and is calculated using the Central Bank of Egypt Mid Corridor rate plus 3% per annum. Further, an additional stamp duty of 0.2% per annum is to be paid quarterly on actual utilization.

Long-term debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
Long-term debt		
9.5% Senior Secured Notes, due November 2, 2020 (see note (ii) below).....	\$ 496,022	\$ -
8.625% Senior Secured Notes, due November 1, 2018 (see note (iii) below).....	30,095	466,857
Term Loan Facility, due October 8, 2018 (see note (iv) below).....	-	342,159
Revolving Credit Facility, due April 30, 2020 (see note (v) below).....	-	-
	\$ 526,117	\$ 809,016

The following is a summary of scheduled long-term debt maturities by year (in thousands):

For the twelve months ending September 30,

2018.....	\$ -
2019.....	30,095
2020.....	-
2021.....	496,022
Total debt.....	\$ 526,117

The following tables provide details of principal amounts and carrying values of debt (in thousands):

	September 30, 2017		
	Principal Amount	Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	Carrying Value
9.5% Senior Secured Notes, due November 2, 2020.....	\$ 502,835	\$ (6,813)	\$ 496,022
8.625% Senior Secured Notes, due November 1, 2018.....	30,415	(320)	30,095
Total.....	\$ 533,250	\$ (7,133)	\$ 526,117

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	December 31, 2016		
	Principal Amount	Unamortized Discount and Debt Issuance Costs	Carrying Value
8.625% Senior Secured Notes, due November 1, 2018.....	\$ 475,000	\$ (8,143)	\$ 466,857
Term Loan Facility, due October 8, 2018.....	350,000	(7,841)	342,159
Total.....	\$ 825,000	\$ (15,984)	\$ 809,016

The effective interest rates on the 9.5% Senior Secured Notes due November 2, 2020, 8.625% Senior Secured Notes due November 1, 2018 and Term Loan Facility due October 8, 2018 are 10.02%, 9.79% and 10.79%, respectively.

(ii) 9.5% Senior Secured Notes, due November 2020

On January 12, 2017, SDHL completed the issuance and sale of \$502.835 million aggregate principal amount of 9.5% Senior Secured Notes (the “9.5% Senior Secured Notes”). The 9.5% Senior Secured Notes were sold in exchange and cancellation of \$444.585 million aggregate principal amount of 8.625% Senior Secured Notes (the “8.625% Senior Secured Notes”) (of which \$28.5 million was a principal payment in cash), and \$86.75 million in exchange for partial settlement of the \$350 million term loan entered into on October 8, 2013 (the “Midco Term Loan”). As a result of this transaction, SDHL has incurred \$8.1 million of debt issuance cost as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the debt and is amortized over the term using the effective interest rate. Interest on these notes accrues from January 12, 2017 at a rate of 9.5% per year and is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning May 1, 2017.

SDHL’s obligations under the 9.5% Senior Secured Notes are guaranteed by a majority of SDHL’s subsidiaries (collectively, the “Note Guarantors”), subject to certain exceptions. The obligations of the Note Guarantors are secured by liens on the rigs and other assets owned by the Note Guarantors. These liens are subordinated to the liens securing the obligations of the revolving credit facility Guarantors.

SDHL may redeem the 9.5% Senior Secured Notes, in whole or part, at the redemption prices set forth below, together with accrued and unpaid interest up to and including the redemption date.

Period	Redemption Price
On or after January 12, 2017.....	104.313%
On or after the first anniversary of January 12, 2017.....	102.156%
On or after the second anniversary of January 12, 2017.....	100.000%

If SDHL experiences a change of control, as defined in the indenture governing the 9.5% Senior Secured Notes (the “9.5% Senior Secured Notes Indenture”), it must offer to repurchase the 9.5% Senior Secured Notes at an offer price in cash equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Furthermore, following certain asset sales, SDHL may be required to use the proceeds to offer to repurchase the 9.5% Senior Secured Notes at an offer price in cash equal to 100% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

(iii) 8.625% Senior Secured Notes, due November 2018

On January 12, 2017, the Company cancelled \$444.585 million aggregate principal amount of 8.625% Senior Secured Notes in exchange for \$416.09 million aggregate principal amount of 9.5% Senior Secured Notes and principal payment of \$28.5 million in cash. The Company recognized a loss of \$13.7 million associated with this debt extinguishment which includes the \$7.5 million write off of the original unamortized debt issuance cost, incentive fee of \$5.7 million paid to the lenders and legal fees of \$0.6 million (\$55 thousand was incurred in December 2016). These transactions were recorded as expense under “interest expense and financing charges”.

As of September 30, 2017, \$30.415 million aggregate principal amount of 8.625% Senior Secured Notes remains outstanding with \$0.3 million original debt issuance cost to be amortized over the remaining debt term.

SDHL’s obligations under the outstanding 8.625% Senior Secured Notes are guaranteed by a majority of SDHL’s subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions. The indenture governing the 8.625% Senior Secured Notes has been amended to eliminate or waive substantially all of the restrictive covenants and to eliminate certain events of default.

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(iv) Term Loan Facility, due October 2018

On January 12, 2017, the Company fully settled the outstanding \$350 million Midco Term Loan for an aggregate consideration of \$339.17 million, which included the issuance of \$166.67 million of SDL Preferred Shares to certain equity Sponsors (see Note 12 – Mezzanine Equity), issuance of \$86.75 million aggregate principal amount of 9.5% Senior Secured Notes and \$85.75 million in cash.

The Company recognized a total loss on debt extinguishment of \$2.0 million, of which \$0.5 million was recorded during the first quarter of 2017 under “interest expense and financing charges”. This includes \$5.1 million for legal fees (of which \$1.5 million was incurred in December 2016), \$4.3 million for the write-off of the unamortized original issue discount and \$3.4 million for the write-off of the unamortized debt issuance cost, partly offset by the \$10.8 million settlement gain.

(v) Revolving Credit Facility, due April 2020

On February 24, 2014, SDHL entered into a \$150 million revolving credit facility (“SDHL Revolver”) which was available for utilization on February 28, 2014. This facility amount was increased to \$200 million on June 11, 2014 in accordance with the terms of the SDHL Revolver. The SDHL Revolver can be drawn as cash, letters of credit or bank guarantees, or a mixture of cash, letters of credit and guarantees, subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions set forth in the underlying credit agreement.

On January 12, 2017, the Company successfully amended the SDHL Revolver to extend the maturity date from April 30, 2018 to April 30, 2020 and to permanently reduce the facility from \$200 million to \$160 million with certain other terms of this agreement amended. All borrowings under the SDHL Revolver mature on April 30, 2020, and letters of credit and bank guarantees issued under the SDHL Revolver expire no later than five business days prior to April 30, 2020.

The Company issued bank guarantees and performance bonds totaling \$14.6 million and \$28.5 million as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, against the SDHL Revolver. As a result, the remaining available balance under the revolving credit facility is \$145.4 million and \$171.5 million as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. As of December 31, 2016, the available amount for drawdown under the SDHL Revolver was \$141.5 million as the second lien note indenture restricted the SDHL Revolver capacity to \$170 million.

Cash borrowings under the SDHL Revolver bear interest, at SDHL’s option, at either (i) the Adjusted LIBOR Rate plus Applicable Margin, as defined in the SDHL Revolver or (ii) the Alternate Base Rate (the highest of the prime rate, the federal funds rate plus 0.5% per year, or the one-month Adjusted LIBOR Rate (as defined in the SDHL Revolver) plus 1% per year), plus Applicable Margin.

Participation fees accrue on financial letters of credit and bank guarantees at the Applicable Margin for borrowings at the Adjusted LIBOR Rate and on non-financial letters of credit and bank guarantees at 50% of the Applicable Margin for borrowings at the Adjusted LIBOR Rate. The Applicable Margin is calculated based on credit ratings of SDL or SDHL by Standard and Poor’s and Moody’s; currently the Applicable Margin is 5.0% per year for borrowings at the Adjusted LIBOR Rate.

The Applicable Margin can range from a maximum of 6.5% per year to a minimum of 3.75% per year for borrowings at the Adjusted LIBOR Rate and from a maximum of 5.5% per annum to a minimum of 2.75% per year for borrowings at the Alternate Base Rate. SDHL is liable to pay a commitment fee to the administrative agent on the daily unused amount of the SDHL Revolver at 35% of the Applicable Margin for borrowings at the Adjusted LIBOR Rate. The facility is cancellable by SDHL at any time with no penalty or premium.

Additionally, SDHL Revolver requires that SDHL and the Guarantors (as defined below) have a total net leverage ratio (consolidated net indebtedness to consolidated EBITDA, as defined in the SDHL Revolver) not greater than 3.5:1 and tested quarterly. The Company is in compliance with this ratio as of September 30, 2017.

SDHL’s obligations under the SDHL Revolver are guaranteed by the majority of SDHL’s subsidiaries (collectively, the “Guarantors”), subject to certain exceptions. The obligations of the Guarantors are secured by liens on the rigs and other assets owned by the Guarantors. The liens securing the SDHL Revolver are senior to the pari-passu liens securing the outstanding 8.625% Senior Secured Notes and 9.5% Senior Secured Notes.

The debt issuance costs associated with this new arrangement as well as the unamortized balance of the original debt issuance cost are deferred and amortized over the new terms of the SDHL Revolver.

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The unamortized debt issuance costs which were carried as both current and long-term assets on the condensed consolidated interim balance sheets were as follows:

	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2016</u>
Current	\$ 1,343	\$ 1,706
Non-current.....	2,126	568
Total.....	<u>\$ 3,469</u>	<u>\$ 2,274</u>

The amortization of debt issuance costs on the SDHL Revolver amounted to \$0.3 million and \$1.0 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, and \$0.4 million and \$1.3 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.

Terms Common to Indebtedness

The 9.5% Senior Secured Notes Indenture and the SDHL Revolver contain customary restrictive covenants. These agreements also contain a provision under which an event of default by SDHL or by any restricted subsidiary on any other indebtedness exceeding \$25 million if such default: a) is caused by failure to pay the principal or interest when due after the applicable grace period, or b) results in the acceleration of such indebtedness prior to maturity.

The 9.5% Senior Secured Notes Indenture and the SDHL Revolver contain covenants that, among other things, limit SDHL’s ability and the ability of their restricted subsidiaries in connection with:

- Incurrence of new indebtedness;
- Restricted payments;
- Disposal of assets;
- Incurrence of new liens;
- Consolidation, merger and transfer of assets; and
- Impairment of security interest.

The 9.5% Senior Secured Notes Indenture and the SDHL Revolver also contain standard events of default.

Note 8 — Sale and Leaseback

On October 10, 2015, two wholly owned subsidiaries of SDL, Shelf Drilling TBN I, Ltd and Shelf Drilling TBN II, Ltd (collectively, the “Lessee”), whose assets consisted solely of the two under construction fit-for-purpose new build jackup rigs entered into a combined minimum of \$296.2 million and maximum of \$330.0 million (“Purchase Price”) sale and leaseback financing transactions (the “Sale and Leaseback Transactions”) with Hai Jiao 1502 Limited and Hai Jiao 1503 Limited (collectively, the “Lessor”), both wholly owned subsidiaries of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited. In connection with these transactions, the Lessee executed memorandum of agreements and bareboat charter agreements (the “Bareboat Charter Agreements”) to sell the rigs and bareboat charter the rigs back from the Lessor upon expected delivery date for a period of 5 years and 90 days. See Note 4 – Property and Equipment.

The Company was paying a commitment fee of 1.20% per annum to the Lessor calculated on the undrawn amount of the Purchase Price calculated from October 10, 2015 until the Purchase Price was paid in full for each rig. The commitment fee was payable on the date of first installment payment of Purchase Price and quarterly in arrears thereafter. The milestone payments bear interest at 3 months LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 4% annually. Such interest was capitalized at intervals of three months from the date of payment of each installment until the charter hire accrual date, as defined in the lease contract.

The Bareboat Charter Agreements require scheduled monthly rent payments (“Rent”) with variable and fixed payment components from the charter hire accrual dates, as defined in the lease contract, through its estimated maturities on December 28, 2021 and July 5, 2022 at which time the Lessee will have the obligation to acquire the Newbuilds from the Lessor for \$82.5 million each (“Purchase Obligation Price”). The fixed monthly payments for each rig at the inception of the bareboat charter period are calculated using the Prepaid Purchase Price (Purchase Price and capitalized interest on milestone payments net of Purchase Obligation Price) over the lease term. The average variable payments over the lease term for each rig are calculated on each payment date using a projected 3 months LIBOR rate plus applicable margin of 4% annually on the Notional Rent Outstanding (Prepaid Purchase Price reduced by fixed payments). The charter payments are to be made in advance every 5th day of the month.

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The first and second Newbuild commenced five-year contracts with Chevron after completion of the final customer acceptance requirements on December 1, 2016 and June 1, 2017, respectively. The Company accounted for these Sale and Leaseback Transactions as capital leases and transferred \$228.6 million for the first Newbuild rig and \$226.7 million for the second Newbuild rig from construction in progress to drilling rigs and equipment in property and equipment, respectively. See Note 4 – Property and Equipment. The capital lease contracts have an estimated average interest rate of 5.99% and 6.03% and require scheduled monthly average principal payments of approximately \$1.5 million each and average interest payments of \$0.6 million for each rig for the remaining lease term from October 1, 2017, through December 5, 2021 and June 5, 2022, respectively.

As of September 30, 2017, the following is a summary of the estimated future rental payments on capital leases including the Purchase Obligation Price (in thousands):

For the twelve months ending September 30,

2018.....	\$ 52,488
2019.....	51,477
2020.....	49,894
2021.....	47,824
2022.....	187,782
Thereafter.....	-
Total future rental payments.....	\$ 389,465

The Company made rental payments, including interest, of \$13.2 million and \$23.9 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017. There were no such transactions during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

The total outstanding balance of obligations under the Sale and Leaseback Transactions is \$322.8 million and \$244.7 million as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

The Lessor paid \$74.1 million and \$129.6 million directly to the Builder during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The Lessor also paid \$16.8 million to the Company during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 for cost incurred during the construction period. There were no such payments to the Company during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

In addition, the Company recorded \$3.1 million and \$4.2 million for interest in kind on the obligations under the Sale and Leaseback Transactions during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Company is also required to maintain (1) a minimum of 90 days of Rent in a debt reserve account; (2) 120% of Security Coverage Ratio (Fair Value of the rig and associated drilling service contract to the Notional Rent Outstanding); and (3) a Consolidated Net Debt to Consolidated EBITDA Ratio not to exceed 4:1, as defined in the Bareboat Charter Agreement and tested semi-annually. As of September 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with all applicable requirements.

Note 9 — Employee Benefit Plans

Retirement Plan Under a Trust fund – On August 1, 2016, the Company replaced the end of service benefit covering certain employees previously reported under a defined benefit plan with a defined retirement contribution plan managed under a trust fund. The remeasured end of service liability under this plan was \$1.3 million, which resulted in a \$0.2 million gain which offset the end of service benefit expense in the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Contributions are made on a monthly basis by the Company irrespective of fund performance and are not pooled, but are separately identifiable and attributable to each employee. The Company has no further obligation for this retirement plan and the Company’s contributions are expensed as incurred.

The contribution expense related to this plan is \$67 thousand and \$0.2 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and \$52 thousand from the effective date of August 1, 2016 to September 30, 2016. The expenses were previously recorded as end of service benefit expense during the period from January 1, 2016 to July 31, 2016.

End of Service Plans — The Company offers end of service plans to employees in certain countries in accordance with the labor laws in these countries or the Company policy. The Company has recorded approximately \$0.9 million and \$4.1 million in expense related to employee end of service plans during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, compared to \$1.5 million and \$9.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.

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Retention Plans —The Company has recorded approximately \$0.6 million and \$2.2 million in expense related to its employee retention plans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, and approximately \$0.3 million and \$1.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. The estimated total cash payments under the retention plans for 2018 are \$3.3 million.

Note 10 — Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases and Other Commitments – The Company has operating leases and other commitments expiring at various dates, principally for office and yard space, expatriate employee accommodation and office equipment.

Sale and Leaseback Obligations – This represents minimum annual rental payments and Purchase Obligation Price assuming average estimated interest rates pursuant to the Sale and Leaseback Transactions as of September 30, 2017. See Note 8 - Sale and Leaseback.

As of September 30, 2017, contractual payments related to those matters were as follows (in thousands):

	Operating leases and other commitments	Sale and leaseback obligations	Total
For the twelve months ending September 30,			
2018.....	\$ 7,005	\$ 52,488	\$ 59,493
2019.....	3,177	51,477	54,654
2020.....	1,676	49,894	51,570
2021.....	1,229	47,824	49,053
2022.....	397	187,782	188,179
Thereafter.....	-	-	-
Total.....	\$ 13,484	\$ 389,465	\$ 402,949

Legal Proceedings — The Company is involved in various claims and lawsuits in the normal course of business, some of which existed at the time of Acquisition and are indemnified by the Seller. As of September 30, 2017, management has determined that there are no significant claims or lawsuits to disclose including claims and lawsuits fully indemnified by the Seller and no provisions were necessary.

Surety Bonds — It is customary in the contract drilling business to have various surety bonds in place that secure customs obligations relating to the temporary importation of rigs and equipment and certain contractual performance and other obligations.

The Company has surety bond facilities in either U.S. dollars or local currencies of approximately \$94.3 million provided by several banks to guarantee various contractual, performance, and customs obligations. The Company entered into these facilities in India, Egypt, UAE and Nigeria. The outstanding surety bonds were \$28.8 million and \$33.3 million at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

In addition, the Company had outstanding bank guarantees and performance bonds amounting to \$14.6 million and \$28.5 million as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, issued against the SDHL Revolver.

Therefore, the total outstanding bank guarantees and surety bonds issued by the Company were \$43.4 million and \$61.8 million as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Note 11 — Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of the Company’s financial instruments, which include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and short-term debt, approximate their fair market values due to the short-term nature of the instruments.

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The following table represents the estimated fair value and carrying value of the long-term debt (in thousands):

	September 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Carrying value	Estimated fair value	Carrying value	Estimated fair value
9.5% Senior Secured Notes, due November 2, 2020.....	\$ 496,022	\$ 507,552	\$ -	\$ -
8.625% Senior Secured Notes, due November 1, 2018.....	30,095	30,666	466,857	399,000
Term Loan Facility, due October 8, 2018.....	-	-	342,159	258,620
Total debt.....	\$ 526,117	\$ 538,218	\$ 809,016	\$ 657,620

The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt was determined using quoted market prices. Where more than one quoted market price was obtained, the average of all the quoted market prices was applied (Level 2 measurement). See Note 7 – Debt.

Derivative financial instrument was measured at fair value on a recurring basis using Level 2 inputs. See Note 15 – Derivative Financial Instrument.

Note 12 — Mezzanine Equity

On January 12, 2017, SDL issued 1,000,000 preferred shares at \$166.67 per share for a value of \$166.67 million to certain equity Sponsors as part of the retirement of the Midco Term Loan. There were no preferred shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2016.

The preferred shares are redeemable at the option of the Company at the Liquidation Preference (which corresponds to the preferred shares purchase price plus dividend paid in kind and, without duplication, accrued but unpaid dividends) paid in cash out of the legally available funds at any time with 30 days prior notice.

The preferred shares are mandatorily redeemable upon the occurrence of a change of control, exit event or initial public offering. While circumstances requiring mandatory redemption are generally within the control of the Company, there are certain external factors beyond the Company's control that may lead to an earlier redemption. In such events, the Company would be required to redeem the preferred shares. Although there is only a remote likelihood of this mandatory redemption due to factors beyond the Company's control, the Company has classified the preferred shares as mezzanine equity rather than equity.

The preferred shares are entitled to a dividend rate equal to LIBOR plus 9% per annum paid semi-annually on January 31 and July 31. If the preferred dividend is not paid in cash on each due date, the dividend amount is added to the Liquidation Preference of the preferred shares at a rate of LIBOR plus 9.75% per annum. The total accrued dividend for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$12.6 million, of which \$9.6 million was paid in cash on the due date and \$3.0 million will be paid in the next semi-annual payment.

In the event of the occurrence of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, preferred shareholders have the first right over the assets available for distribution amongst SDL shareholders up to the Liquidation Preference.

Management estimates the fair value of the preferred shares is approximately equal to net carrying value due to the preferred shares being recently issued.

The Company incurred \$0.7 million of incremental direct costs to issue the preferred shares. These costs were netted against the issue value of the preferred shares.

Note 13 — Shareholders' Equity

During the first quarter of 2017, a new ordinary share class (Class D) was approved with an authorized share capital of 1,020 shares. Class D shares had no dividend rights. The Company also amended its Articles of Association (the "Articles") to increase the authorized capital to 5,001,020 ordinary shares with a par value of \$0.01 per share for a total amount of \$50 thousand.

During the first quarter of 2017 and April 2017, the Company granted 1,629 ordinary shares (554 Class B shares, 55 Class C shares and 1,020 Class D shares) under the time-based and performance-based share compensation plan to members of the Company's management. These shares were issued to a Voting Trust, managed under the voting trust agreement by one of the Sponsors, for further issuance to the employees upon fulfilling the vesting conditions. See Note 14 – Share-based Compensation.

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The changes in ordinary shares by class from December 31, 2016 to April 28, 2017 were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares issued and outstanding				
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D	Total
Balance, at January 1, 2017.....	444,594	25,099	6,075	-	475,768
Shares issued to trust for share-based compensation....	-	554	55	1,020	1,629
Balance, at April 28, 2017.....	444,594	25,653	6,130	1,020	477,397

Recapitalization and Common Share Issuance

On April 28, 2017, the Company executed a recapitalization to simplify its capital structure. The Company repurchased and retired all the ordinary shares in Classes A, B, C, and D from the Shareholders and replaced these with a new single class of common shares (the “Recapitalization”). The Company also increased its authorized capital from 5,001,020 ordinary shares to 200,000,000 single class new common shares with a par value of \$0.01 per share for a total par value of \$2 million.

The Company issued 55,000,000 of new common shares to replace the existing A, B, C, and D ordinary share classes as follows:

	Outstanding ordinary shares before Recapitalization	Equivalent new common shares at the Recapitalization date
Class A.....	444,594	51,970,799
Class B.....	25,653	1,893,553
Class C.....	6,130	-
Class D.....	1,020	1,135,648
Total.....	477,397	55,000,000

In order to determine the number of new common shares to be allocated against each ordinary share repurchased, the Company determined the fair value of each ordinary share class by allocating the estimated equity value before the Recapitalization to the ordinary share classes in accordance with the Waterfall provisions within the Articles in effect at that date. Accordingly, it was determined that Class C shares have no value, resulting in allocation of no new common shares to the Class C shareholders. The 1,020 Class D shares were only in existence briefly before being exchanged into common shares and were only used for performance-based restricted share awards, which were unvested at the Recapitalization date. Accordingly, Class D had no consequence on the Waterfall considerations for the Recapitalization. However, pursuant to the Articles, a value was allocated from Class A to Class D shares.

The Recapitalization has been accounted for as a repurchase of ordinary shares for new common shares. Therefore, the numbers for previously presented Class A, Class B and Class C ordinary shares, for all share count references and per-share information, have been retained for periods prior to the Recapitalization. The Recapitalization did not result in a change in total shareholder equity as there were no cash proceeds. The par values of the ordinary shares and the new common shares are identical at \$0.01 per share.

Private Placement

On April 28, 2017, the Company successfully completed an offering of 28,125,000 new common shares at a price of \$8.00 per share for total gross proceeds of \$225.0 million (the “Private Placement”). The incremental direct costs of the Private Placement were \$7.8 million, resulting in approximately \$217.2 million of net proceeds.

On May 5, 2017, the new common shares issued in the Private Placement began trading on the Norwegian over-the-counter (OTC) market under the symbol SHLF.

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Following is the summary of all classes of ordinary shares / common shares issued and outstanding during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 (in thousands, except share data):

	Nine months ended September 30, 2017					
	Number of ordinary / new common shares issued and outstanding					
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D	New common shares	Total
Balance, beginning of period.....	444,594	25,099	6,075	-	-	475,768
Shares issued to trust for share-based compensation....	-	554	55	1,020	-	1,629
Repurchase and retirement of ordinary shares.....	(444,594)	(25,653)	(6,130)	(1,020)	-	(477,397)
Recapitalization.....	-	-	-	-	55,000,000	55,000,000
Issuance of new common shares - Private Placement...	-	-	-	-	28,125,000	28,125,000
Balance, end of period.....	-	-	-	-	83,125,000	83,125,000

	Nine months ended September 30, 2017					
	Amount of ordinary / new common shares issued and outstanding (at par value)					
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D	New common shares	Total
Balance, beginning of period.....	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5
Shares issued to trust for share-based compensation....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repurchase and retirement of ordinary shares.....	(5)	-	-	-	-	(5)
Recapitalization.....	-	-	-	-	550	550
Issuance of new common shares- Private Placement....	-	-	-	-	281	281
Balance, end of period.....	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 831	\$ 831

	Nine months ended September 30, 2016			
	Number of ordinary shares issued and outstanding			
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Total
Balance, beginning of period.....	446,445	24,789	6,092	477,326
Shares issued to trust for share-based compensation.....	-	1,401	93	1,494
Repurchase and retirement of ordinary shares.....	(1,609)	(2,279)	(179)	(4,067)
Balance, end of period.....	444,836	23,911	6,006	474,753

	Nine months ended September 30, 2016			
	Amount of ordinary shares issued and outstanding (at par value)			
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Total
Balance, beginning of period.....	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5
Shares issued to trust for share-based compensation.....	-	-	-	-
Repurchase and retirement of ordinary shares.....	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of period.....	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5

All common shares have pari passu rights to participate in any common share dividends declared and represent the residual claim on the Company's assets. The Company did not pay any ordinary or common dividend during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The Company is restricted in declaring and paying dividends to its new common shareholders until the preferred shares are fully redeemed. See Note 12 – Mezzanine Equity.

In connection with the Private Placement, the Sponsors and the Company amended and restated a sponsor shareholders agreement. Under the amended agreement, a Sponsor has preferential governance rights if it maintains a minimum level of ownership of 7% in the Company. Subject to certain exceptions and conditions, these preferential governance rights include, but are not limited to, the right to appoint and remove directors, a veto right on the approval of significant corporate transactions and certain corporate actions, pre-emptive rights, a consent right to any articles' amendment and the right to require the Company to file a registration statement for a public offering of common shares. Investors participating in the Private Placement were not provided these equivalent rights. The sponsor shareholders agreement and the preferential governance rights provided therein terminate upon (i) the consummation of an initial public offering, (ii) when only one sponsor continues to hold common shares or all sponsors become affiliates or (iii) an exit event, including a sale of the Company or substantially all of its assets.

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Note 14 — Share-based Compensation

The Company has a share-based compensation plan under which it had issued time-based Class B and performance-based Class C and Class D restricted shares prior to the Recapitalization (See Note 13 – Shareholder’s Equity). These Class B, C and D shares were awarded to certain members of the Company’s management as remuneration for future services of employment and were held in a voting trust on the employees’ behalf.

Time-based restricted Class B shares typically vest in equal proportion over a five-year required service period from the date of grant. In the event of an initial public offering (“IPO”) or other exit event, all time-based unvested shares would vest immediately, regardless of grant date. In the event of an IPO, the shares were non-transferable and were required to remain in the voting trust pursuant to the terms of a management shareholder agreement. These transfer restrictions would lapse ratably over three years, at one year intervals beginning twelve months after an IPO. Compensation cost was to be recognized over a period of five years from the grant date subject to acceleration as discussed above in the event of an IPO or other exit event.

Performance-based restricted Class C shares had rights to dividends or distributions while Class D shares had none of these rights. Upon an exit event or IPO, Class C and Class D shares would vest immediately. Class C and Class D shares were subject to the same transferability restrictions as described above regarding Class B shares upon an IPO. Compensation expense related to the grant date fair value of the performance-based shares were to be recognized upon vesting.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company had granted 243 additional ordinary shares (228 Class B shares and 15 Class C shares) to members of the Company’s management. The Company had also granted 326 Class B shares, 40 Class C shares and 1,020 Class D shares to members of the Company’s management during April 2017. There were no new grants for the period from May 1, 2017 until September 30, 2017 and during the third quarter of 2016.

The grant date fair values for the Class B and Class C grants during the first quarter of 2017 were estimated using standard quantitative modeling techniques performed by an independent third party. The estimates were established using a zero premium option, with reference to the volatility of a group of broadly similar offshore drilling service companies. The following assumptions were used in the valuation calculations for shares awarded during the periods presented:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	March 31, 2017		June 30, 2016	
Valuation assumptions:	Class B	Class C	Class B	Class C
Expected term.....	2 years	2 years	2 years	2 years
Risk free interest rate.....	1.20% p.a.	1.20% p.a.	0.75% p.a.	0.75% p.a.
Expected volatility.....	65.0%	65.0%	60.0%	60.0%

Expected Term: The expected term represented the period from the grant date to the expected date of vesting, either through an IPO or other exit event.

Risk Free interest rate: The US Treasury Bond rate as of the grant date over a similar period to the Expected Term.

Expected Volatility: The average historical 36-month period volatility of the quoted share prices of a group of broadly similar publicly quoted offshore drilling service companies. The variables are adjusted to reflect the gross debt to capitalization ratio of each company.

Dividend Yield: The Company had not historically issued any dividends on these classes of shares and did not expect to in the future nor were the unvested shares entitled to dividends at the time of the grant.

The grant date fair values of all the share awards in April 2017 were measured based on the number of new common shares allocated against the awards at the Recapitalization date and the Private Placement value of \$8 per share.

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The following table summarizes the awards held by Company's management under the share-based compensation plans at the date of Recapitalization:

	Time - based restricted shares		Performance based shares				Total	
	Class B shares		Class C shares		Class D shares		Vested	Unvested
	Vested	Unvested	Vested	Unvested	Vested	Unvested		
Balance, at December 31, 2016.....	7,174	7,704	-	965	-	-	7,174	8,669
Granted.....	-	554	-	55	-	1,020	-	1,629
Vested.....	2,145	(2,145)	-	-	-	-	2,145	(2,145)
Balance, at April 28, 2017.....	9,319	6,113	-	1,020	-	1,020	9,319	8,153

There were no new grants of new common shares subsequent to the Recapitalization date.

Effects of Recapitalization

As part of the Recapitalization, the employee share-based compensation awards in ordinary share Classes B and D were replaced with new common shares on a relative value basis consistent with the overall allocation of shareholder equity value. No other changes were made to the terms of the awards. The new common shares associated with the employee share-based compensation awards continue to be held in a voting trust on employees' behalf.

The table below summarizes the replacement of the Class B, C and D shares with new common shares at the Recapitalization date:

	Ordinary Shares Prior to Recapitalization			Equivalent new common shares at the Recapitalization date		
	Vested	Unvested	Total	Vested	Unvested	Total
Class B.....	9,319	6,113	15,432	687,876	451,240	1,139,116
Class C.....	-	1,020	1,020	-	-	-
Class D.....	-	1,020	1,020	-	1,135,648	1,135,648
Total.....	9,319	8,153	17,472	687,876	1,586,888	2,274,764

At the Recapitalization date, the unamortized cumulative compensation cost for the former Class B, Class C and Class D shares amounted to \$3.0 million, \$5.8 million and \$9.1 million, respectively.

The \$3.0 million unamortized compensation cost for the former Class B time based awards will continue to be recognized over the remaining applicable vesting period subject to acceleration in the event of an IPO or other exit event.

As no value was allocated to the former Class C performance based shares on Recapitalization due to the application of the Waterfall provisions within the Articles, and therefore Class C awards had no applicable exchange ratio and were effectively cancelled pursuant to the Recapitalization, the Company will not recognize the previously measured and unrecognized cumulative compensation cost of \$5.8 million relating to Class C awards.

The unamortized compensation cost of \$9.1 million relating to the former Class D performance based awards will be recognized in a future period upon IPO or other exit event.

The Company has recorded a share-based compensation expense related to the share-based compensation plan of \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and a share-based compensation expense of \$0.2 million and \$23 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. No income tax benefit was recognized for these plans.

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The following table summarizes the total unrecognized compensation expense and the expected weighted average period for the shares to be recognized:

	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2017		2016	
	Time based restricted shares	Performance based shares	Time based restricted shares	Performance based shares
	New common shares		Class B	Class C
Total unrecognized compensation expense (in thousands).....	\$ 2,459	\$ 9,085	\$ 2,060	\$ 5,076
Weighted-average period unvested compensation expense.....	2.89 years	N/A	2.80 years	N/A

The following table summarizes the awards held by the Company's management under the Company's share-based compensation plans before Recapitalization:

	Time based restricted shares			Performance based shares			Weighted average grant date fair value per share		
	Class B	Class C	Class D	Class B	Class C	Class D	Class B	Class C	Class D
	Non-vested ordinary shares at January 1, 2017....	7,704	965	-	\$ 357.05	\$ 5,808.48	\$ -		
Granted	554	55	1,020	73.81	2,979.67	8,907.05			
Vested.....	(2,145)	-	-	39.60	-	-			
Forfeited	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Non-vested ordinary shares at April 28, 2017.....	6,113	1,020	1,020	\$ 442.80	\$ 5,653.33	\$ 8,907.05			

The following table summarizes the awards held by the Company's management under the Company's share-based compensation plans after Recapitalization:

	Number of shares		Weighted average grant date fair value per share	
	Time based restricted shares	Performance based shares	Time based restricted shares	Performance based shares
	Non-vested ordinary shares at April 28, 2017.....	6,113	2,040	\$ 442.80
Replaced for new common shares.....	451,240	1,135,648	6.67	8.00
Vested.....	(38,904)	-	14.19	-
Surrender of ordinary shares.....	(6,113)	(2,040)	(442.80)	(7,281.50)
Non-vested common shares at September 30, 2017.....	412,336	1,135,648	\$ 5.96	\$ 8.00

The following table summarizes the awards held by the Company's management under the Company's share-based compensation plans during the comparative period:

	Time based restricted shares		Performance based shares		Weighted average grant date fair value per share	
	Class B	Class C	Class B	Class C	Class B	Class C
	Non-vested ordinary shares at January 1, 2016.....	9,041	961	\$ 236.68	\$ 5,728.39	
Granted.....	1,401	93	372.00	3,140.00		
Vested.....	(2,503)	-	245.62	-		
Forfeited.....	(1,428)	(161)	193.06	4,460.94		
Non-vested ordinary shares at September 30, 2016.....	6,511	893	\$ 316.33	\$ 5,691.27		

The total grant date fair value of the time based restricted vested ordinary shares was \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.

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Note 15 — Derivative Financial Instrument

Foreign Currency Forward Exchange Contracts

The Company may enter into foreign exchange (“forex”) contracts when management believes that market conditions are favorable to purchase contracts for future settlement with the expectation that such contracts, when settled, will reduce the exposure to foreign currency gains and losses on future foreign currency expenditures. The amount and duration of such contracts are based on the monthly forecast of expenditures in the significant currencies in which the Company conducts business and for which there is a financial market. These forward contracts are derivatives as defined by U.S. GAAP. Any change in fair value resulting from ineffectiveness is recognized immediately in earnings.

The Company settled forex contracts, designated as an accounting hedge, with aggregate notional values of approximately \$4.7 million and \$8.3 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and approximately \$9.1 million and \$12.7 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.

The following table presents the amounts recognized in the Company’s condensed consolidated interim balance sheets and condensed consolidated interim statements of operations related to the derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 (in thousands). The effective portion of gain / (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income / loss (“AOCIL”) is recorded under “Operating and maintenance”, while the ineffective portion of gain / (loss) as a result of effectiveness testing is recorded under “Foreign currency transaction gain / (loss)” which is part of “Other, net”.

	<u>Gain recognized through AOCIL</u>		<u>Gain reclassified from AOCIL to</u>		<u>Gain recognized through</u>	
	<u>Three months ended September 30,</u>		<u>"Operating and maintenance"</u>		<u>"Other, net"</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Cash flow hedges						
Foreign currency forward contracts...	\$ 77	\$ 406	\$ 97	\$ 179	\$ -	\$ -

	<u>Gain recognized through AOCIL</u>		<u>Gain reclassified from AOCIL to</u>		<u>Gain recognized through</u>	
	<u>Nine months ended September 30,</u>		<u>"Operating and maintenance"</u>		<u>"Other, net"</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Cash flow hedges						
Foreign currency forward contracts...	\$ 162	\$ 478	\$ 121	\$ 204	\$ -	\$ -

The following table presents the fair values of the derivative forex contracts designated as hedging (in thousands):

	<u>Balance sheet classification</u>	<u>September 30,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>
		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Asset derivatives			
Cash flow hedges			
Short-term foreign currency forward contracts.....	Other current assets	\$ 41	\$ -

As of September 30, 2017, the estimated amount of net unrealized gains associated with the forex contracts that will be reclassified to earnings during the next three months was \$41 thousand. The net unrealized gains associated with this derivative financial instrument will be reclassified to “Operating and maintenance”, to the extent fully effective.

Note 16 — Supplemental Cash Flow Information

As part of the sale and leaseback agreements for the Newbuilds, contractual commitments totaling \$74.1 million and \$129.6 million were paid by a third party financial institution directly to the Builder during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Interest in kind of \$3.1 million and \$4.2 million were recorded as obligations under the Sale and Leaseback Transactions during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. These non-cash transactions were not reflected on the condensed consolidated interim statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

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In relation to the refinancing of the Company's debt, \$166.67 million of preferred shares were issued to certain equity Sponsors and \$86.75 million 9.5% Senior Secured Notes were issued for the full settlement of the Midco Term Loan, and \$416.09 million 8.625% Senior Secured Notes were cancelled in exchange for 9.5% Senior Secured Notes. These non-cash transactions were not reflected on the condensed consolidated interim statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Capital expenditures and deferred costs

Capital expenditures and deferred costs include rig acquisition and other fixed asset purchases, construction expenditures on the Newbuilds and certain expenditures associated with regulatory inspections, major equipment overhauls, contract preparation, including rig upgrades, mobilization and stacked rig reactivations.

The following table sets out the Company's capital expenditures and deferred costs (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
Regulatory and capital maintenance.....	\$ 20,377	\$ 25,975
Contract preparation.....	9,592	20,372
Fleet spares and others.....	-	1,944
	<u>\$ 29,969</u>	<u>\$ 48,291</u>
Rig acquisitions.....	228,947	-
Newbuilds.....	92,002	158,333
Total capital expenditures and deferred costs.....	<u>\$ 350,918</u>	<u>\$ 206,624</u>

The following table reconciles the cash payment for additions to property and equipment and changes in deferred costs, net to total capital expenditures and deferred costs (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
Cash payments for additions to property and equipment.....	\$ 248,500	\$ 40,746
Net change in accrued but unpaid additions to property and equipment.....	(1,706)	(6,961)
	<u>\$ 246,794</u>	<u>\$ 33,785</u>
Add: Asset addition related to sale and leaseback transactions.....	76,282	133,788
Total capital expenditures.....	<u>\$ 323,076</u>	<u>\$ 167,573</u>
Changes in deferred costs, net.....	\$ (20,898)	\$ (32,983)
Add: Amortization of deferred costs.....	48,740	72,034
Total deferred costs.....	<u>\$ 27,842</u>	<u>\$ 39,051</u>
Total capital expenditures and deferred costs.....	<u>\$ 350,918</u>	<u>\$ 206,624</u>

The total cash and cash equivalents excludes restricted cash amounting to \$15.2 million and \$9.3 million as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. These amounts were included under other assets except for the current portion of \$0.6 million as of December 31, 2016 which was included under other current assets. Restricted cash is primarily used for the reserve requirements for the sale and leaseback transaction and also as collateral for bid tenders and performance bonds.

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Note 17 — (Loss) / Earnings Per Share

The net (loss) / income is allocated to the three classes of common stock under the provisions of the Waterfall distribution set forth in the Articles until Recapitalization date. See Note 13 – Shareholders’ Equity. The Company presented the (loss) / earnings per share information into pre and post Recapitalization periods for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

The following tables set forth the computation of basic and diluted net (loss) / earnings per share for each class of SDL (in thousands, except share data):

	For the three months ended September 30, 2017
	Common Shares
Numerator for loss per share	
Net loss.....	\$ (5,728)
Less: Preferred shares dividend.....	4,375
Net loss attributable to ordinary shares.....	\$ (10,103)
Denominator for loss per share	
Weighted average shares:	
Basic outstanding per Class.....	81,565,133
Effect of stock options and other share-based awards.....	-
Diluted per Class.....	81,565,133
Basic loss per share per Class.....	\$ (0.12)
Diluted loss per share per Class.....	\$ (0.12)

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2017				
	Four months ended April 30, 2017				Five months ended September 30, 2017
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D	Common Shares
Numerator for loss per share					
Net income / (loss).....	\$ 458	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (39,172)
Less: Preferred shares dividend.....	5,255	-	-	-	7,333
Net loss attributable to ordinary shares.....	\$ (4,797)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (46,505)
Denominator for loss per share					
Weighted average shares:					
Basic outstanding per Class.....	444,594	18,485	5,110	-	81,562,606
Effect of stock options and other share-based awards...	-	-	-	-	-
Diluted per Class.....	444,594	18,485	5,110	-	81,562,606
Basic loss per share per Class.....	\$ (10.79)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (0.57)
Diluted loss per share per Class.....	\$ (10.79)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (0.57)

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	Three months ended September 30, 2016			Nine months ended September 30, 2016		
	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class A	Class B	Class C
Numerator for earnings per share						
Net income.....	\$ 19,324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,672	\$ -	\$ -
Less: Preferred shares dividend.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income attributable to ordinary shares.....	\$ 19,324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,672	\$ -	\$ -
Denominator for earnings per share						
Weighted average shares:						
Basic outstanding per Class.....	445,016	17,246	5,115	445,622	17,534	5,122
Effect of stock options and other share-based awards.....	-	4,121	531	-	3,558	358
Diluted per Class.....	445,016	21,367	5,646	445,622	21,092	5,480
Basic earnings per share per Class.....	\$ 43.42	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55.37	\$ -	\$ -
Diluted earnings per share per Class.....	\$ 43.42	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55.37	\$ -	\$ -

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, there were 109,226 and 82,073 dilutive class B, class C shares and common shares which were not included in the computation of diluted loss per share as the effect of including these shares in the calculation would have been anti-dilutive.

Note 18 — Segment and Related Information

The Company has one reportable segment, contract drilling services, which reflects how the Company manages its business, and the fact that all the drilling fleet is dependent upon the worldwide oil industry. The Company evaluates the performance of the operating segment based on revenues from external customers.

Total revenues by country based on the location of the service provided were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Saudi Arabia.....	\$ 39,780	\$ 44,654	\$ 125,859	\$ 119,864
Thailand	29,970	12,468	62,870	50,011
India	21,364	49,473	91,658	143,165
Nigeria	16,413	26,583	59,308	58,023
United Arab Emirates.....	12,188	20,977	36,145	66,017
Egypt	9,871	9,280	28,203	39,364
Other countries	8,189	15,225	22,825	51,797
As Reported Revenue.....	\$ 137,775	\$ 178,660	\$ 426,868	\$ 528,241

Although the Company is incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Company does not conduct any operations and does not have any operating revenues in the Cayman Islands.

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Total long-lived assets, net of any impairment, by location based on the country in which the assets were located at the balance sheet date were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>September 30,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2016</u>
Thailand.....	\$ 446,661	\$ 227,400
United Arab Emirates.....	311,124	233,967
Saudi Arabia.....	211,325	228,331
India.....	106,375	140,180
Nigeria.....	87,117	55,660
Others.....	236,686	308,211
Total long-lived assets	\$ 1,399,288	\$ 1,193,749

The total long-lived assets is comprised of property and equipment and short-term and long-term deferred costs. A substantial portion of the Company's assets are mobile. Asset locations at the end of the period are not necessarily indicative of the geographic distribution of the revenue generated by such assets during the period.

Note 19 — Related Parties

In connection with the Company's operations of a foreign subsidiary, a related party provided goods and services to drilling rigs owned by one of the Company's foreign subsidiaries. These goods and services totalled \$0.8 million and \$2.4 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and \$0.8 million and \$2.5 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. The total liability recorded under accounts payable for such transactions was \$0.6 million and \$0.6 million as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

The Company recorded \$1.3 million and \$4.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and \$1.2 million and \$3.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, of Sponsors' costs related to the \$0.4 million monthly fee, directors' fees and reimbursement of costs incurred by Sponsors and directors for attendance at meetings relating to the management and governance of the Company. The total liability recorded under accounts payable for such transactions were \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Note 20 — Accounts and Other Receivables, net

The accounts and other receivables are net of a provision for doubtful accounts amounting to \$3.4 million as at September 30, 2017 compared to \$99.6 million as at December 31, 2016. The decrease in the provision for doubtful accounts was primarily due to the write-off of provision against receivables of \$91.4 million for certain customers and cash collections of \$7.8 million.

Note 21 — Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through November 14, 2017, the date of issuance of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.